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Resilient Modulus of Freeze-Thaw Affected Granular Soils for Pavement Design and Evaluation

Part 3. Laboratory Tests on Soils from Albany County Airport

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U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory Hanover, New Hampshire 03755-1290

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This is the third in a series of four reports on the laboratory and field testing of a number of road and airfield subgrades, covering the laboratory repeated-load triaxial testing of five soils in the frozen and thawed states and analysis of the resulting resilient modulus measurements. The laboratory testing procedures allow simulation of the gradual increase in stiffness found in frost-susceptible soils after thawing. The resilient modulus is expressed in a nonlinear model in terms of the applied stresses, the soil moisture tension level (for unfrozen soil), the unfrozen water content (for frozen soil) and the dry density. The resilient modulus is about 10 GPa for the frozen material at temperatures in the range of -5% to -8%C. The decrease in modulus with increasing temperature was well-modeled in terms of the unfrozen water content. Upon thaw, the modulus dropped to about 100 MPa and generally increased with increasing confining stress and decreased with increasing principal stress ratio. The modulus also increased with the soil moisture tension level. The resilient Poisson's ratio did not appear to be a systematic function of any of the test variables.								
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PREFACE

This report was prepared by David M. Cole, Research Civil Engineer, Applied Research Branch, Experimental Engineering Division; Diane L. Bentley, Research Civil Engineer, Civil Engineering Research Branch, Experimental Engineering Division; Glenn D. Durell, Mechanical Engineering Technician, Engineering and Measurement Services Branch, Technical Services Division, and Thaddeus C. Johnson, Civil Engineer and Chief of the Civil Engineering Research Branch, Experimental Engineering Division, U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory.

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The work was done at CRREL and a number of people contributed to the successful conclusion of this area of the project. The authors acknowledge in particular E. Chamberlain who was closely involved in equipment development, D. Carbee for his help in specimen preparation, D. Keller who assisted in field coring and sample preparation, L. Irwin for helpful discussions of the test results, J. Ingersoll who was responsible for generating the moisture characteristic curves and who assisted in the development of the tensiometer systems, and A. Tice who generated the unfrozen water content data for the test soils.

This report was technically reviewed by E.J. Chamberlain and F. Sayles of CRREL.

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Resilient Modulus of Freeze-Thaw Affected Granular Soils for Pavement Design and Evaluation

Part 3. Laboratory Tests on Soils from Albany County Airport

D.M. COLE, D.L. BENTLEY, G.D. DURELL AND T.C. JOHNSON

INTRODUCTION

This is one of four reports that document the laboratory and field test results of an extensive research effort jointly funded by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the Federal Highway Administration and the Federal Aviation Administration. The project, entitled Full-Scale Field Tests to Evaluate Frost Action Predictive Techniques. called for laboratory testing and field verification of the resilient properties of a number of test soils located at Winchendon, Massachusetts (the subject of Parts 1 and 2 [Cole et al. 1986, Johnson et al. 1986al of this series of reports) and Albany, New York (the subject of this report and Part 4 [Johnson et al. 1986b]). Part 1 includes detailed descriptions of the laboratory testing procedures and methods of data analysis and interpretation. Consequently, this report does not dwell on such matters, but instead concentrates on the presentation and analysis of results from the two taxiways that we investigated at the Albany County Airport.

The objectives of the work call for characterizing the test soils under a variety of seasonal conditions: frozen, thawed and recovered. The first two conditions are self-explanatory; "recovered" refers to soil that has drained and possibly consolidated after thawing and has consequently regained (or recovered) the same degree of stiffness it possessed prior to the freezing and thawing cycle. The testing sequence used in the laboratory work is designed to simulate the progression of events that the soils experience in the field. This process relies heavily on the use of soil moisture tension and temperature as links between laboratory and field results.

Part 4 (Johnson et al. 1986b), the companion to this report, presents the results of the surface deflection measurements on the two taxiways and verifies the laboratory-determined resilient modulus expressions developed in the present work. The verification is accomplished through the use of a computer code (called NELAPAV) that carries out a layered elastic analysis of the pavement system. The program and the verification procedure have been covered in detail elsewhere (Irwin and Johnson 1981).

Field data on the temperature and moisture tension history of the test sections provided the appropriate range of these variables in the laboratory testing. Specimens were first tested in repeated-load triaxial compression in the frozen state, beginning with the lowest temperature, at several values of axial stress and a single value (69.0 kPa) of confining stress. Next, the specimens were completely thawed on specially designed triaxial cell bases (see Cole et al. 1986) and tested at up to five levels of soil moisture tension. The increases in moisture tension were achieved by drawing water from the specimen via the triaxial cell's drainage system. This procedure simulates the gradual recovery of stiffness experienced by thawweakened soils.

The repeated-load triaxial testing yields the resilient modulus, $M_{\rm r}$ (defined as cyclic stress divided by recoverable axial strain), as a function of applied stresses, temperature (for soils in the frozen state), moisture tension ψ (for the unfrozen state), and dry unit weight $\gamma_{\rm d}$ where applicable. A simple nonlinear relationship of the form

$$M_{\rm r} = k_1 [f(\sigma)]^{k_1} \tag{1}$$

is used to represent the test data— k_1 is generally a function of ψ , and in some cases γ_d , and k_2 is a constant. A linear regression technique is used to find constants that give the best fit to the test data.

The stress function $f(\sigma)$ is taken as either the commonly used first stress invariant J_1 (sum of the principal stresses) or the ratio $J_2/\tau_{\rm oct}$ (ratio of the second stress invariant to the octahedral shear stress). The latter function has been examined at length by Cole et al. (1981, 1986). Its usefulness stems from its ability to adequately reflect the tendency of many granular soils to exhibit an increasing modulus with both increasing confining stress (σ_1) and decreasing principal stress ratio (σ_1/σ_3) . All analyses are carried out in terms of both stress functions for comparison.

The reader is referred to Cole et al. (1986) for extensive background information on the project in general as well as for details of the laboratory testing methodology. The Albany County Airport work closely follows the Winchendon, Massachusetts, activity with one exception: we tested no field cores from the Albany site. All specimens were remolded in the laboratory using material that had been remixed according to the original gradation specifications for the taxiway sections.

TEST SECTIONS AND MATERIALS

Figure 1 gives cross sections of each taxiway. Field instrumentation yielded temperature and

moisture tension profiles for each section, which are presented by Johnson et al. (1986b). Gradation curves for the test soils appear in Figure 2, and Table 1 gives some physical characteristics and classifications for the soils.

The water table fluctuated seasonally between 1.5 and 2.0 m at both sites. Frost penetration depths for the periods of observation are given by Johnson et al. (1986b).

Taxiway A consists of a layer of asphalt concrete, a crushed stone base, a gravelly sand subbase and a silty fine sand subgrade. Taxiway B consists of a badly broken layer of asphalt concrete, an asphalt penetration macadam stone base, a silty sandy gravel subbase and a silty fine sand subgrade.

Since the moisture retention characteristics of these materials are of interest, the moisture tension versus water content curves were determined for several of the soils in the laboratory. Curves for the Taxiway A base and subbase and the Taxiway B subgrade appear in Appendix A. The subgrades for both taxiways were nearly identical, so the Taxiway B subgrade curve is assumed valid for Taxiway A as well. We were not able to obtain such data for the Taxiway B subbase since it was too coarse to test in our cell.

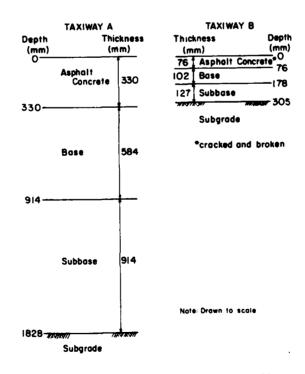
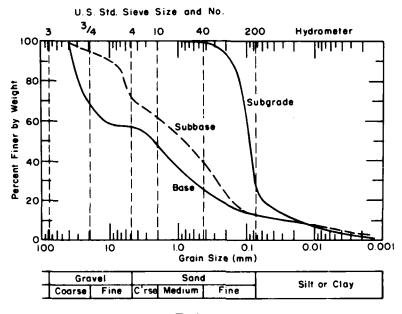


Figure 1. Albany Airport taxiway profiles.



a. Taxiway A.

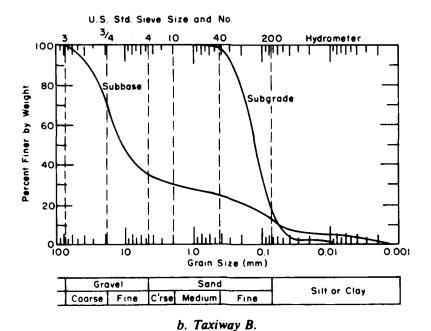


Figure 2. Gradation curves for Albany soils.

Table 1. Physical characteristics and classification of the Albany Airport soils.

	Unified Soil size		Coeff	icients	Specific	
Soil	Classification	(mm)	C,	C _c	gravity	
Taxiway A subbase	SM	19.1	95.8	2.2	2.73	
Taxiway A subgrade	SM	0.42	4.0	1.6	2.67	
Taxiway B subbase	GM	19.1	16.3	0.22	2.68	
Taxiway B subgrade	SM	0.42	2.7	1.2	2.69	

SPECIMEN PREPARATION

Test soils

We obtained shovel samples of all the layers of material. Since it was impossible to distinguish between the base and subbase materials of Taxiway B because of the deterioration and insufficient thickness of the base, both layers were sampled and tested as a single material.

The various soils were sieved and remixed in the laboratory according to original specifications. The coarse-grained materials were compacted in a 152-mm-diameter, 305-mm-high mold and were frozen at a rate of 25 mm/day under open system conditions. These specimens were capped in the manner described by Cole et al. (1986). They did not heave appreciably (i.e., less than 10% of specimen height). The fine-grained subgrade material was compacted in a tapered 152-mm-diameter, 152-mm-high mold and subjected to the same freezing conditions. Once the material was frozen, several 51-mm-diameter, 127-mm-long specimens were machined from the samples and carefully trimmed prior to testing.

Since the frost did not penetrate to the depth of interest insofar as the layered elastic analysis was concerned, it was necessary to characterize the subgrade in the unfrozen (as well as frozen and thawed) state. For this purpose, specimens (51 mm in diameter by 127 mm long) were merely compacted to design specifications and tested.

Additional details of the preparation procedures are given by Cole et al. (1986).

Asphalt concrete

We were able to obtain usable cores of the asphalt concrete layers for both taxiways. Taxiway A was sufficiently thick to yield 102-mm-diameter, 250-mm-long cores, which were easily trimmed and tested. The thin asphalt layer of Taxiway B, however, made it necessary for us to form a specimen of adequate height by stacking

three of the short cores and binding them together with a thin layer of asphalt emulsion. The asphalt concrete was tested in the dry state, although moisture content is expected to affect the resilient behavior (Johnson et al. 1978).

LABORATORY TESTING

All testing of the soils was carried out in one of two triaxial cells, depending upon specimen size. The asphalt concrete was tested only in uniaxial compression. For all laboratory tests, we used an electro-hydraulic, closed-loop testing machine operated in LOAD control.

To achieve a steady-state response, 200 loading cycles were applied at each combination of axial and radial stress. The M_r values were calculated from a representative cycle near the end of each run.

The test equipment and procedures are fully described by Cole et al. (1986).

Soil testing

Two triaxial cells, with several unique features, were designed and built for this testing program. The cells differed primarily in size: one accommodated the 51-mm-diameter specimens while the other accommodated the 152-mm-diameter specimens. The cells featured removable bases, which facilitated the sequential testing of each specimen, and built-in tensiometer systems to continuously monitor soil moisture tension.

Since handling of the frozen specimens presented no serious problems given adequate coldroom facilities, a single cell base equipped with a thermocouple was used for the frozen state tests. However, since many specimens were often extremely weak and deformable upon thawing, the removable cell base concept was developed. This approach called for designing triaxial cells that could be completely assembled about a specimen

that was mounted on the cell base. We used up to six bases for the small cell and four for the large cell. In this manner, a number of specimens could be tested sequentially without removing them from their respective cell bases. The major cell components and the deformation and load measuring devices were easily transferred from one base to another. Cole et al. (1986) give details of this procedure and of the equipment design.

The sequential testing approach was used to allow the maximum amount of testing on each specimen and to allow use of the major cell components while tested specimens were equilibrating at new moisture tension levels. Simulation of the recovery period after thawing was achieved by alternately testing and drying each specimen until the moisture tension reached the level observed in the field. At each level of moisture tension, a specimen was subjected to the sequence of confining and nominal deviator stresses given in Cole et al. (1986). The actual deviator stresses at each data point, with slight corrections for the changes in specimen area, are given in Appendix B. All of the triaxial tests were carried out with a vacuum applied to the specimen through the drainage system. The vacuum level coincided with the desired soil moisture tension level for the test. This was done to ensure a constant moisture tension level throughout load cycling.

Axial deformation was measured on the specimen with a system of four Linear Variable Differential Transformers (LVDTs), which measured the relative displacement of two circumferentially mounted rings. Radial displacement was measured

at three points, equally spaced about the circumference, at midheight on the specimen. The load was monitored by a miniature load cell, mounted in the triaxial cell, in direct contact with the top cap of the specimen. This load cell also served as a feedback, controlling the load applied by the testing machine.

These measurements allowed the calculation of both resilient and permanent strains in the axial and radial directions, which in turn allowed the calculation of resilient modulus and resilient Poisson's ratio (μ_T) .

Waveforms of applied stress

The soils were subjected to two loading waveforms that correspond to the loading characteristics of the two devices used in the surface deflection tests done in the field. The waveform simulating the Repeated-load Plate-Bearing apparatus (designated RPB) was a 1-s-on, 2-s-off pulse. A 28-ms haversine, repeated every 2 s was used to simulate the load pulse produced by the Falling-Weight Deflectometer (designated FWD) (Fig. 3).

Throughout the course of this study, we made a gradual shift in the field verification work from the use of the RPB device to the FWD device. In the Albany County Airport work, we used the FWD device exclusively, but continued to apply the RPB loading waveform in the laboratory testing for the sake of continuity with earlier work.

Initial tests indicated that there was no significant difference in the modulus determined with these two waveforms, so we decided to apply the FWD pulse as a rule and spot-check the modulus

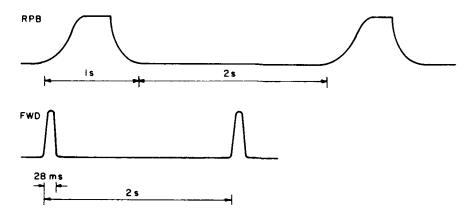


Figure 3. Load pulse waveforms used in the repeated load triaxial tests (repeated load plate-bearing apparatus [RPB] waveform and falling-weight deflect-ometer [FWD] waveform).

periodically with the RPB pulse. Consequently, in contrast to Cole et al. (1986) where modulus equations were presented for each waveform separately, the equations presented in this work are applicable to both waveforms for all granular materials.

Asphalt concrete

The asphalt concrete cores were tested at temperatures of -10°, 5°, 25° and 40°C in uniaxial compression. Maximum axial cyclic stresses of approximately 68.0, 103.0, 136.0, 174.0 and 228.0 kPa were applied under three waveforms.

Axial deformation was measured using LVDTs mounted on circumferential clamps. Load was measured by a load cell mounted on the actuator of the testing machine. The machine was operated in LOAD control, as in the soil tests.

The asphalt concrete tests employed three waveforms: the RPB and FWD pulses described earlier and a continuous haversine at frequencies of 1, 4 and 16 Hz. The latter loading condition was included for completeness and is according to ASTM D3497-79T (ASTM 1981).

DATA REDUCTION AND ANALYSIS

Soil

The frozen state test on a given soil yields an M_r value for a certain stress level and temperature. Testing in the thawed or unfrozen states yields an M_r value for a given applied stress state and moisture tension level. Not all of the stress levels given in Cole et al. (1986) could be applied to each specimen at all values of moisture tension, ψ . Since each specimen was tested a number of times, it was important to avoid excessive permanent deformation in the early stages of testing. Consequently, the testing of thawed material at low ψ values was often terminated before the higher stress levels were applied. Appendix B gives the actual stress levels applied for each test. In general, newly thawed specimens ($\psi = 2 \text{ kPa}$) were tested to deviator and confining stress levels of approximately 28 kPa; the associated resilient axial strains were approximately 3×10^{-4} to 4×10^{-4} . Stiffer specimens were tested to stress levels of approximately 70 kPa and corresponding strain levels near 8×10^{-4} .

As a result of the testing sequence, each specimen generated from 50 to 70 data points. Each of these data points represents a nominally steady state material response after 200 load cycles. The resilient behavior generally stabilized within 10-20

cycles for the lower stress levels and within about 50 cycles for the higher stress levels.

The test data were subjected to multiple linear regression analysis, the details of which are given in Cole et al. (1986). We employed the simple nonlinear expression given by eq 1 to represent the material in the thawed state. The coefficient k_1 was treated as a function of ψ and γ_d , where applicable. The exponent k_2 was considered constant for a given material with a given freeze-thaw history. Earlier work indicated that k_2 does not vary systematically with ψ (Cole et al. 1981).

The analyses employ one of two stress functions to model the stress dependency of the thawed soils: J_1 the first stress invariant, and $J_2/\tau_{\rm oct}$, the second stress invariant divided by the octahedral shear stress. The former stress function is traditional and reflects the tendency of the modulus to increase with increasing bulk stress. However, J_1 is insensitive to the effect of the principal stress ratio σ_1/σ_3 . It is frequently observed for granular soils that modulus decreases as the principal stress ratio increases. The latter stress function, $J_2/\tau_{\rm oct}$, addresses the effect of principal stress ratio and thus proves useful in the present analysis.

In a common repeated-load triaxial test, where $\sigma_2 = \sigma_3$ and $\sigma_1 = \sigma_3 + \sigma_d$, the two stress functions are given as:

$$J_1 = \sigma_{\mathbf{d}} + 3\sigma_3 \tag{2}$$

$$J_2/\tau_{\rm oct} = \frac{9\sigma_1^2 + 6\sigma_1\sigma_{\rm d}}{\sqrt{2}\sigma_{\rm d}} . \tag{3}$$

where
$$J_1 = \sigma_1 + \sigma_2 + \sigma_3$$

 $J_2 = \sigma_1 \sigma_2 + \sigma_2 \sigma_3 + \sigma_1 \sigma_3$
 $\tau_{\text{oct}} = \frac{1}{2} [(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)^2 + (\sigma_2 - \sigma_3)^2 + (\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

See Cole et al. (1981) for details regarding eq 3.

Moisture tension is incorporated in the modulus expression (eq 1) through the term $[(101.36-\psi)/\psi_0]^{A_1}$ where ψ is in kilopascals, ψ_0 is a reference stress of 1 kPa, and 101.36 is atmospheric pressure in kilopascals. For soils in which dry unit weight varied significantly, the term γ_d/γ_0 entered into the analysis. γ_0 is a reference density of 1 Mg/m³.

As in Part 1 of this series (Cole et al. 1986), the frozen state test data were analyzed in terms of the unfrozen water content, W_u , normalized to the total gravimetric water content, W_T . The expressions for W_u are of the form

$$W_{\rm u} = a(-\theta/\theta_{\rm o})^{-b} \tag{4}$$

where W_{ij} is gravimetric water content expressed as a decimal, a and b are regression constants, θ is the temperature in degrees celsius, and θ_0 is a reference temperature of 1°C. The expressions for W, were obtained using the pulsed Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) method* (for additional details, see Cole 1984). The Taxiway A base and subbase materials were too coarse for testing in the NMR device, so it was necessary to estimate the constants needed in eq 4. The exponent b is the more important of the two. A value of 0.25, approximately in the middle of the range of typical values, proved suitable, producing values of R^2 = 0.92 in the resilient modulus regression analyses for each soil in the frozen state. No attempt was made to account for the physical characteristics of the soils in the determination.

The range of validity of the frozen state tests is from -5.0° or -8.8°C, depending on soil type, to the completely thawed state. The analysis was accomplished by including a number of data points representing the condition of the material upon thaw. Clearly, problems are encountered with eq 4 if the soil temperature, θ , is set equal to zero. However, this problem vanishes upon the following consideration. As the temperature of the frozen soil increases, it eventually reaches a point below 0°C at which all the soil water is unfrozen. The temperature at which the soil is completely thawed may be very close to 0°C. This is true for fine-grained soils in general. As a consequence of the mathematical formulation, the unfrozen water content term W_u/W_T goes to 1 before the temperature term goes to 0 and the singularity in eq 2 is thus avoided. Temperatures greater than that required to completely thaw the soil are not meaningful in the frozen soil model. Thus, once the soil is completely thawed, the equations given for the thawed state are used. The equations for the frozen state give sensible values for modulus when the temperature term goes to unity. However, the expressions are generally stress-independent, and should be used only for cases where at least some pore ice is present.

Asphalt concrete

The results of the cyclic uniaxial testing of the asphalt concrete were analyzed, for each type of waveform, in terms of temperature, stress and frequency (for the continuous haversine loading). A second-order expression proved adequate to

model the temperature dependency of the resilient modulus.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

General

Appendix B gives a tabulation of all the laboratory test results on the frozen, thawed and unfrozen soil specimens. The tabulation gives confining and deviator stress levels, resilient axial and radial strains, $\mu_{\rm r}$, $M_{\rm r}$, $\gamma_{\rm d}$, gravimetric moisture content and ψ . Temperature is given for all frozen-state tests

Table 2 gives the results of the regression analyses for all soils under all test conditions. The asphalt concrete analysis results are also given in Table 2, and the results of the analysis are plotted in Figure 4. These equations produce M_r values in megapascals, provided the units of all variables are appropriate (see notes, Table 2). Two or more equations appear for a given soil and state in Table 2. This was done to demonstrate the influence of either different stress functions or additional terms (i.e., a density term) on the empirical result. Subsequent work on the verification of these results using a layered elastic analysis (Johnson et al. 1986b) employs the simplest of these equations with the highest R2 values to represent a given layer.

A change in the procedure used to analyze the frozen-state test data resulted in somewhat different constants in the regression equations for the frozen soils. The frozen state equations given in Table 2 are based solely on data points obtained from frozen specimens. The highest temperatures were in the range of -0.2° to -0.5°C, and strictly speaking these temperatures define the limit of applicability of the equations. The frozen state equations in Table 2 were used in the layered elastic analysis of the test sections.

A subsequent analysis provided a means to extend the range of applicability of the frozen state equations. This analysis incorporated data points from tests performed upon thawing, and thus resulted in regression equations that are valid at temperatures between the limits of the equations in Table 2 and the melting point. These equations are given in Table 3.

The equations in Table 2 appear somewhat different from the form given in eq 1. The aggregation of all terms other than the stress function raised to a power is to be considered as the term k_1 in eq 1. For the thawed soils, then, k_1 is a function

Personal communication with A. Tice, CRREL 1984.

Table 2. Results of regression analyses—asphalt concrete and test soils from Albany Airport (the standard error is referenced to the natural log of M_r value).

	• • •	Occasion acception	_	R²	Std.	Eq no
	Load pulse	Regression equation	n	<u> </u>	error	no
Taxiway A	EWD	$^{\dagger}M_{\star}(MPa) = 1.84 \times 10^4 \exp[-3.80 \times 10^{-2}T - 9.14 \times 10^{-4}T^2]$	88	0.97	0.19	1
Asphalt/concrete	FWD ; RPB	$M_r(MPa) = 1.04 \times 10^{-2}.00 \times 10^{-7}.14 \times 10^{-7}$ $M_r(MPa) = 1.01 \times 10^{4} \exp[-6.50 \times 10^{-2}T - 6.50 \times 10^{-4}T^{2}]$	93	0.98	0.19	:
			280	0.96	0.24	3
Th	Haversine	$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 1.09 \times 10^4 \exp[-4.75 \times 10^{-2} T - 7.81 \times 10^{-4} T^2] f_{\rm Hz}^{0.20}$	222	0.82	0.22	
Thawed base	FWD/RPB	$^{\dagger}M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 1.10 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-2.40} f_1(\sigma)^{0.30}$	222	0.82	0.16	
		$M_r(MPa) = 4.44 \times 10^3 [f(\psi)]^{-2.20} f_1(\sigma)^{0.37}$	222	0.84	0.16	
		$M_r(MPa) = 3.68 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-2.15} f_3(\sigma)^{0.30} f(\gamma_d)^{3.44}$			0.16	
		$M_r(MPa) = 2.56 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-1.99} f_1(\sigma)^{0.37} f(\gamma_d)^{2.90}$	222	0.82		
Frozen base		${}^{\dagger}M_{r}(MPa) = 1.89 \times 10^{1} (w_{u}/w_{t})^{-4.82}, w_{u} = 3 \times 10^{-2} (-T)^{-0.25}, w_{t} = 0.075$	78	0.78	0.66	9
Thawed subbase	FWD/KPB	$^{\dagger}M_{r}(MPa) = 2.07 \times 10^{7} [f(\psi)]^{-3.05} f_{1}(\sigma)^{0.29}$	149	0.80	0.20	-
		$M_r(MPa) = 4.35 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-2.72} f_r(\sigma)^{0.37}$	149	0.80	0.20	10
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 1.39 \times 10^{10} [f(\psi)]^{-3.38} f_1(\sigma)^{0.29} f(\gamma_{\rm d})^{-7.00}$	149	0.82	0.20	11
		$M_{\rm r}({\sf MPa}) = 8.00 \times 10^{4} [f(\psi)]^{-2.99} f_{\rm r}(\sigma)^{0.37} f(\gamma_{\rm d})^{-5.55}$	149	0.82	0.19	12
Frozen subbase		$^{\dagger}M_r(MPa) = 8.18 \times 10^{1} (w_u/w_t)^{-4.02}, w_u = 3 \times 10^{-2} (-7)^{-0.25}, w_t = 0.055$	53	0.70	0.84	13
Non-frozen	FWD/RPB	$^{\dagger}M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 1.34 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-1.50} f_2(\sigma)^{0.33}$	262	0.80	0.80	14
subgrade		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 7.73 \times 10^3 [f(\psi)]^{-1.34} f_1(\sigma)^{0.35}$	262	0.78	0.17	15
Taxiway B		A				
Thawed base/	FWD/RPB	$^{\dagger}M_{\rm f}({\rm MPa}) = 5.55 \times 10^{10} [f(\psi)]^{-4.72} f_{\rm f}(\sigma)^{0.27}$	173	0.69	0.26	16
subbase		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 9.67 \times 10^9 [f(\psi)]^{-4.36} f_1(\sigma)^{0.36}$	173	0.73	0.24	17
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 4.28 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-3.99} f_1(\sigma)^{0.27} f(\gamma_{\rm d})^{8.35}$	173	0.71	0.25	18
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 1.56 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-3.69} f_1(\sigma)^{0.36} f(\gamma_{\rm d})^{7.72}$	173	0.74	0.23	19
Frozen base/subb	ase	${}^{\dagger}M_{r}(MPa) = 1.00 \times 10^{3} (w_{u}/w_{t})^{-2.63}, w_{u} = 3 \times 10^{-2} (-T)^{-0.22}, w_{t} = 0.05$	92	0.96	0.42	20
Thawed subgrade	FWD/RPB	$^{\dagger}M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 8.76 \times 10^{3} [f(\psi)]^{-2.38} f_{1}(\sigma)^{0.30}$	293	0.72	0.20	21
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 3.36 \times 10^3 \ [f(\psi)]^{-2.15} \ f_1(\sigma)^{0.34}$	293	0.68	0.21	2.
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 3.80 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-2.36} f_1(\sigma)^{-3.25} f(\gamma_{\rm d})^{-3.06}$	293	0.74	0.19	23
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 1.35 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-2.13} f_1(\sigma)^{0.34} f(\gamma_{\rm d})^{-3.06}$	293	0.70	0.20	24
Frozen subgrade		$M_r(\text{MPa}) = 2.66(w_u/w_t)^{-1.02} f_2(\sigma)^{0.78}, \ w_u = 3.14 \times 10^{-2} (-T)^{-0.29}, \ w_t = 0.29$	152	0.82	0.92	25
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 2.59(w_{\rm u}/w_{\rm t})^{-0.85}f_1(\sigma)^{0.93}, \ w_{\rm u} = 3.14 \times 10^{-2}(-T)^{-0.29}, \ w_{\rm v} = 0.29$	152	0.84	0.85	26
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 3.31 \times 10^{1} (w_{\rm u}/w_{\rm t})^{-0.87} f_{\rm s}(\sigma)^{0.68}, \ w_{\rm u} = 3.14 \times 10^{-2} (-T)^{-0.29}, \ w_{\rm t} = 0.29$	152	0.82	0.92	27
Nonfrozen subgra	ade	$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 5.16 \times 10^6 [f(\psi)]^{-2.71} f_1(\sigma)^{0.26}$	278	0.81	0.15	28
		$M_r(MPa) = 5.48 \times 10^4 [f(\psi)]^{-2.71} f_2(\sigma)^{0.26}$	278	0.72	0.18	29
		$M_{\rm r}({\rm MPa}) = 2.49 \times 10^{6} [f(\psi)]^{-2.73} f_{2}(\sigma)^{0.26} f(\gamma_{\rm d})^{2.07}$	278	0.82	0.14	30

NOTES:

RPB = repeated-load plate-bearing apparatus waveform

t (kPa) ant (kPa)
ant (kPa)
**** (** *)
ess (kPa)
g/m³)
tent (decimal)
(decimal)
ir Ig

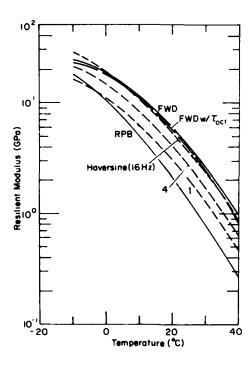


Figure 4. Regression analysis results showing resilient modulus versus temperature for various waveforms for asphalt concrete specimens in repeated load, unconfined compression.

Table 3. Additional regression equations for some frozen soils. The data bases for these equations include points representative of the soils upon thawing.

Material	Load pulse	Regression equation*	n	R ²	Std. error
Taxiway A					
Base, frozen	FWD/RPB	$M_r(MPa) = 5.80 \times 10^{\circ} (W_u/WT)^{-3.88} W_u = 3 \times 10^{\circ} (-T)^{-0.25}, WT = 0.075$	104	0.92	0.63
Subbase, frozen	FWD/RPB	$M_f(MPa) = 6.66 \times 10^{\circ} (W_u/WT)^{4.68} W_u = 3 \times 10^{\circ} (-7)^{-0.25}, WT = 0.055$	76	0.92	0.74
Taxiway B					
Subgrade, frozen	FWD/RPB	$M_f(MPa) = 1.36 \times 10^3 (W_u/WT)^{.5.26} W_u = 3 \times 10^{-1} (-T)^{-0.22}, WT = 0.05$	92	0.83	0.89

[•] See notes of Table 2 for definitions of terms.

Table 4. Average values of resilient Poisson's ratio for the test soils.

	μτ		μ _τ _
Taxiway A		Taxiway B	
Base	0.33	Base-subbase	0.30
Subbase	0.39	Subgrade	0.35
Subgrade	0.26		

of the term $f(\psi)$, and occasionally a function of dry density through the term $f(\gamma_d)$. The exponent on the $f(\sigma)$ term is, of course, k_2 .

As found in Part 1 of this series, the resilient Poisson's ratio, μ_T , was not found to be a systematic function of any of the test variables. Regression analyses similar to those performed for the resilient moduli yielded unacceptably low values of R^2 , indicating no clear dependency of μ_T on any of the test variables. Table 4 gives the average values of Poisson's ratio calculated from all the thawed-state test results for each soil.

The regression equations generated the curves given in this section with certain exceptions, noted below.

Resilient modulus

Frozen soil

Figure 5 shows plots of the regression equations for the frozen soils. These equations represent the data rather well: the R^2 values range from 0.83 to 0.92. As can be seen by the form of the equations for the frozen state, the curvature of these relationships is a strong function of the unfrozen water content versus temperature relationship for a particular soil. The modulus of frozen soil can be between two and three orders of magnitude higher than that of the same soil in the thawed state. Some representative data points are also shown in Figure 5. The Taxiway B subgrade was the only soil to exhibit a significant stress dependency. The plotted curve is based on representative values of J_1 for each temperature.

The relatively fine-grained subgrade layers have noticeably lower moduli than the coarse-grained base and subbase layers. The greater unfrozen water content of the fine-grained material undoubtedly contributes substantially to the lower stiffness. Additionally, the Taxiway B subgrade was the only soil to exhibit a systematic stress dependency in the frozen state. The reason for this is unclear. Generally, the stress level effects are so

completely overshadowed by the temperature effects that temperature (via the unfrozen water content term) is the only significant variable in the analysis. Inspection of the R^2 values associated with these equations indicates that the inclusion of a stress term only marginally improves the correlation.

As with the soils tested in the earlier phase of this work (Cole et al. 1986), the resilient deformation was not sufficiently large to produce consistently measurable radial deformation in the frozen soil. As a result, we were not able to calculate reliable values for the resilient Poisson's ratio for any of the soils in the frozen state.

Thawed soils

Upon thaw, virtually all test soils developed a moisture tension level of 2.0 kPa, indicating a state of less than complete saturation. As noted above, these soils were tested at several levels of moisture tension up to 24 kPa, which was the highest value recorded in the field test sections.

The dependency of M_r on moisture tension was addressed analytically through the term

$$\left(\frac{101.36-\psi}{\psi_0}\right)^{A_1}$$

The values of A_1 ranged from -1.34 to -4.72 for the Taxiway A subgrade and Taxiway B base-sub-base materials respectively. Most values, however, were in the range of -2.2 to -4.0.

The influence of the moisture tension term governs the response of the mathematical model to the thaw recovery phase of the soil. All soils experienced an increase in stiffness with increasing ψ level and the absolute value of the exponent A_1 gives a relative indication of how rapidly the stiffness increases with ψ .

Figure 6 shows the effect of moisture tension level on the term k_1 , in eq 1, over the range of 0 to 24 kPa. The curves in Figure 6 were generated from the regression equations and are shown for the k_1 values determined for both stress functions.

As mentioned earlier, and in other work (Cole et al. 1986), the stress function $J_2/\tau_{\rm oct}$ proved very effective in representing the stress sensitivity of a number of the test soils. We do not yet have sufficient data to ascertain why certain soils are more favorably represented by this function than by the bulk stress model. Consequently, the stress function that best represents a particular data set is employed in the present work.

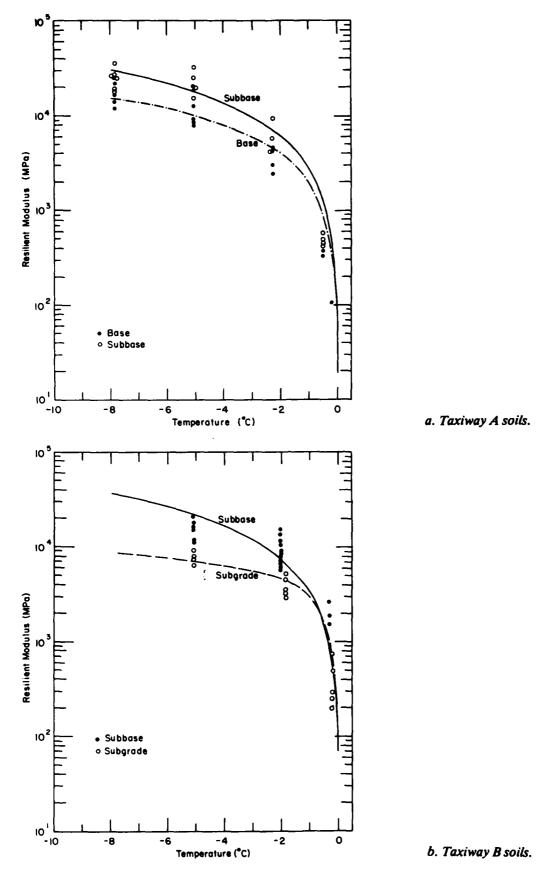
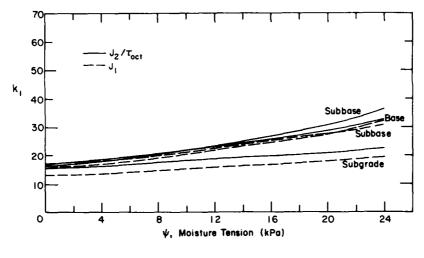
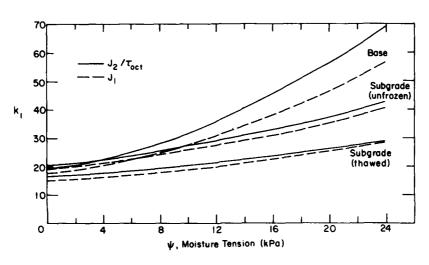


Figure 5. Regression analysis results showing resilient modulus versus temperature.



a. Taxiway A.



b. Taxiway B.

Figure 6. Dependence on moisture tension of k_1 , the coefficient of either of two stress functions, J_1 or J_2/τ_{oct} , that characterizes the resilient moduli of thawed and recovering soils.

Figure 7 shows M_r versus the two stress functions for actual test data from the Taxiway A base layer, $\psi = 13.00$ kPa. The stress ratio for all test points is indicated. Each grouping of points in Figure 7a corresponds to tests conducted under a constant confining pressure and increasing deviator stress levels. The bulk stress, of course, increases as the deviator stress increases, but the resulting increase in stress ratio brings about a decrease in resilient modulus. This systematic variation of modulus with stress is reduced to virtually random scatter when the data are plotted using the J_2/τ_{oct} stress function as seen in Figure 7b.

The only drawback that we have found to date in using the $J_2/\tau_{\rm oct}$ stress function is that it has a singularity when $\tau_{\rm oct}=0$, i.e., in the case of hydrostatic compression. Under most loading circumstances this would present no problem. However, in the case where the lateral stresses are greater than the vertical stress in the unloaded state, there exists a certain level of applied vertical stress that can, in theory, bring the soil to a hydrostatic stress state and thus cause the denominator in the stress function to go to 0. We are continuing work on this aspect of the analysis with the goal of developing a similar stress function without the singularity problem.

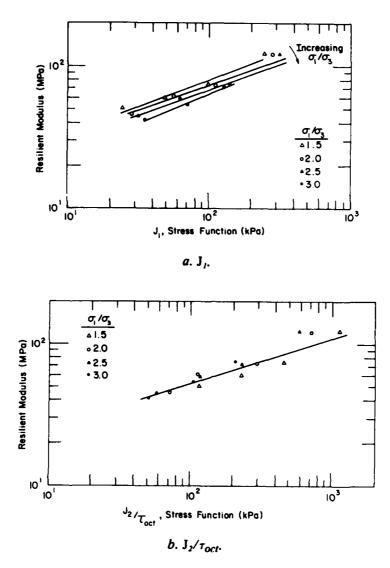


Figure 7. Resilient modulus versus stress functions for several principal stress ratios; actual test data on thawed subgrade from Taxiway B.

Figure 8 shows modulus versus stress function for various levels of moisture tension. The curves were generated by eq 9 and 21, respectively, of Table 2. Note that while the stress function exponents are similar for these two soils, the exponents of the moisture tension level terms differ significantly (3.05 versus -1.5). The fact that the thawed Taxiway A subbase is more sensitive to changes in moisture tension level than the Taxiway A subgrade is evidenced by the wider spacing of the constant moisture tension level curves.

The magnitude of the increase in M_r as a result of natural increases in ψ during thaw recovery varied from a factor of 1.5 to a factor of 3.5 for the

Taxiway A subgrade and the Taxiway B base-subbase materials respectively. The dry unit weight, γ_d , varied little through the course of testing. Consequently, a clear dependency of M_r on γ_d does not emerge from these data. Occasionally, as in the case of the thawed Taxiway A base, and the thawed Taxiway B base-subbase, inclusion of a dry unit weight term in the regression analysis improved the correlation coefficient very slightly. The Taxiway B unfrozen subgrade, however, showed a significant improvement in the R^2 value (0.72 to 0.82) by inclusion of the dry unit weight term. Care must be taken in applying the regression equations that contain a γ_d density term. Be-

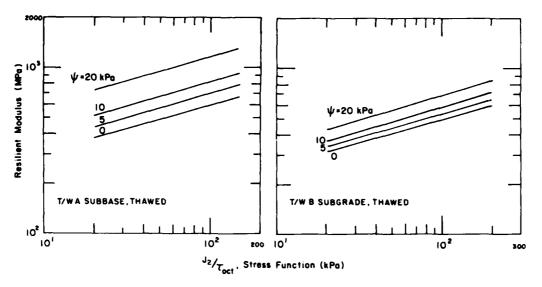


Figure 8. Resilient modulus versus stress function for various levels of moisture tension in the Taxiway A subbase and subgrade (curves on left from eq 9 of Table 2; curves on right from eq 21 of Table 2).

cause the dry unit weights in the SI system of units are close to unity, they can bring about rather large exponents on this term, and substitution of values outside of the range of the data set may result in unrealistic modulus values.

SUMMARY

Frozen- and thawed-soil testing methods and analytical techniques developed in other work (Cole et al. 1986) were applied in a study of frost effects on pavement materials from the Albany County Airport. We developed empirical models of the response of the test soils to cyclic loading in the frozen, thawed and recovered states. The models give resilient modulus as a function of temperature (for soils in the frozen state), stress state, soil moisture tension (for unfrozen soils), and in some cases dry unit weight.

The results of this study are in general agreement with our previous work regarding the effects of temperature, stress level and soil moisture tension level on the resilient modulus. Although we measured Poisson's ratio in all tests, it did not appear to vary systematically with the quantities affecting the resilient modulus, and was thus taken as a constant.

One area of this study indicates that the variations in soil stiffness over a freeze-thaw-recovery cycle can be determined using laboratory test techniques. Another area of this study, reported by Johnson et al. (1986b), verifies the present results using a layered elastic analysis to predict the surface deflections of the Albany County Airport test sections.

CONCLUSIONS

From the foregoing test results and analyses, the following conclusions may be drawn.

1. For the test conditions of this study, the resilient modulus, M_r , of the granular soils tested in the thawed state is well represented by a simple nonlinear model of the form

$$M_{\rm r} = k_1 f(\sigma)^{k_1}$$

where $f(\sigma) = J_1 \text{ or } J_2/\tau_{\text{oct}}$

 $k_1 = f(\psi)$, a function of moisture tension

 $k_2 = constant.$

- 2. The stress function $J_2/\tau_{\rm oct}$ was found to adequately reflect the tendency of the granular soils' moduli to increase with increasing confining stress and decrease with increasing principal stress ratio.
- 3. The increase in stiffness observed subsequent to a freeze-thaw cycle can be expressed through the term k_1 , which increases as the soil desaturates.
- 4. The temperature dependence of the resilient modulus can be expressed through the unfrozen water content:

$$M_{\rm r} = A_1 \left(\frac{W_{\rm u}}{W_{\rm ave}} \right)^{A_1}$$

where $A_1, A_2 = constants$

 $W_{\rm u}$ = unfrozen water content

 $W_{\text{ave}} = \text{total gravimetric water content.}$

- 5. Poisson's ratio did not vary systematically with stress or moisture tension level and may consequently be taken as a constant.
- 6. The variations in soil stiffness throughout a freeze-thaw-recovery cycle can be simulated in the laboratory through the use of open system freezing and proper testing methodology.

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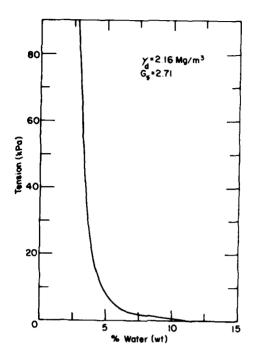
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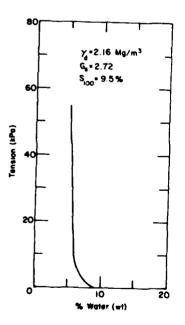
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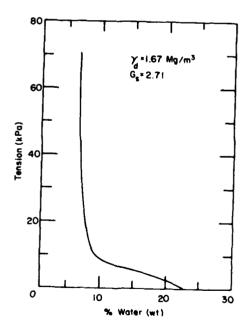
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APPENDIX A: SOIL MOISTURE TENSION VERSUS WATER CONTENT FOR SEVERAL TEST SOILS



a. Taxiway A base material.





b. Taxiway A subbase material.

c. Taxiway B subgrade.

Figure A1. Moisture tension versus moisture content.

APPENDIX B: TABULATED RESULTS FOR ALL TESTS ON FROZEN AND THAWED SOILS

Taxiway A

Base layer, frozen

Pressure Strass Strain Modulus density Content (LPa) (tur e)
69.0 66.9 0.29 23.07 1.890 7.50 -5. 136.7 0.64 21.39 205.8 0.43 14.46 273.7 0.229 11.93 486.6 0.363 3.93 486.6 0.363 0.37 1.890 7.50 -1. 136.9 0.325 4.27 1.890 7.50 -1. 205.8 0.995 2.96 273.7 1.169 2.34 1.890 7.50 -1. 205.8 0.995 2.96 273.7 1.169 2.34 1.890 7.50 -1. 27.6 46.9 1.669 2.40 1.890 7.50 -0. 136.9 3.755 1.350 2.35 66.9 1.350 1.350 66.9 1.550 2.35 66.9 1.550 2.35 66.9 1.550 2.35 66.9 1.550 2.35 66.9 1.550 2.35 66.9 1.380 0.860 5.01 1.380 0.860 5.01 1.380 0.860 5.01 1.380 0.806 5.01 1.380 0.806 5.01 1.380 0.806 5.01 1.380 0.806 5.01 1.380 0.806 5.01 1.380 0.806 5.01 1.380 0.806 6.75 0.806 4.71 5.00 0.129 4.18 67.5 0.806 4.71 5.10 0.129 4.18 67.5 0.139 4.85 1.932 7.50 -2.	
346.6	. ?
273.7 1.169 2.54 66.9 1.669 2.54 1.891 7.55 -0. 136.9 1.755 2.36 136.9 1.555 2.36 53.5 1.32 2.35 66.9 1.550 2.35 66.9 1.550 2.35 69.0 67.5 0.107 6.31 1.932 7.55 -5. 138.0 0.257 0.37 276.0 9.543 5.09 344.0 0.686 5.01 67.5 0.207 0.229 2.61 278.5 0.286 2.35 27.6 4.5 0.286 4.71 54.0 0.129 4.18 67.5 0.214 5.15 69.0 67.5 0.214 5.15	. 2
69.0 66.9 1.950 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 7.	• =
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69.0 67.5 3.139 4.85 1.932 7.50 -2.	
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343.5 0.292 11.76 490.7 0.445 11.03 68.3 0.059 11.58 1.887 7.50 -5. 139.8 0.158 8.85 211.2 0.290 7.28 279.5 0.421 6.64	• D
27955 0.22 6.66 347.9 0.579 6.01 27.6 68.3 0.056 12.20 1.887 7.50 -1. 41.0 0.66 6.03 54.7 0.108 5.06 68.3 0.162 4.22 69.0 68.3 0.162 4.22 139.8 0.76 2.07 211.2 1.218 1.73	. 0
11.0 0.068 6.03 54.7 0.108 5.06 68.3 0.162 4.22 139.8 0.676 2.07 211.2 1.218 1.73 68.3 0.244 2.80 1.887 7.50 -2. 139.8 0.623 2.24 27.6 27.3 0.041 6.67 41.0 0.067 6.12 54.7 0.122 4.48 68.3 0.290 3.60 69.0 68.4 0.019 3.60	• 2
68.5 0.249 2.80 1.887 7.50 -2. 139.8 0.623 2.24 27.6 27.3 0.041 6.67 41.0 0.067 6.12 54.7 0.122 4.48	
\$1.0 0.067 6.12 \$3.7 0.122 4.60 68.5 0.190 3.60 1.887 7.50 -7. 1339.8 0.50 267.96 211.2 0.125 16.90 279.5 0.213 13.12 347.9 0.267 12.12 796.9 0.267 12.12 796.9 0.500 9.94 67.5 0.92 16.04 1.940 7.50 -5.	. 8
137.8 0.139 9.91 208.2 0.208 10.01 274.5 0.209 9.43	, 0
342.9 0.375 9.14 482.8 0.383 0.48 67.5 0.167 4.03 1.940 7.50 -2. 137.8 0.501 2.75 208.2 0.891 2.34 275.5 1.311 2.10 27.6 26.9 2.307 0.11 1.940 7.50 -0. 13.5 1.253 0.11	. 2
27.6 26.9 2.507 0.11 1.940 7.50 -0.	. 2
27.6 40.4 3.661 0.11 1.943 7.50 -0.69.0 67.3 3.969 2.17 137.8 7.993 2.17	. 2

Base layer, thawed

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
6.9	3.4 6.3	721 1.54	£ . 7 : 5	J. 47 E 1. 45 3 1. 44 7	44.4	1.932	7.33	2.:
13.8	10.3 6.8 14.0	. 444	1.55 1.55 2.25 1.161 2.55 3.541	415	44.1 64.1 59.2			
27.6	27.9	1.442	10077	0.376 2.313	54.3 57.6			
6.9	5.4	1112	3.249	2.73 3.241	#5.9 76.3 66.1	1.575	5.43	6.0
	14.2 17.2 6.3	0.502 1.762	10.55 10.55 10.55 10.55 10.64 10.64	3.217	66.1 65.6			
13.8	6.3 14.2	223	1.646	3.305	66.4 64.7 86.			
	23.9 28.3	11141 10141 111141 1141 11	3.443	J. JR 6	84.6 81.3			
27.6	26 • 3 34 • 5 14 • 2 26 • 3	0.559 0.894	4.244 1.140 2.408 3.612 5.776	3.490 3.490	81.2 c1.2 124.2 i17.6			
69.3	41.9 56.5 73.9 36.9	2.122	5.612 5.72 1.776	0.371 0.41s 9.315	115.9 111.7 194.1			
6.9	73.9	1.229	3.957 0.253	0.323	194.5 136.6	1.988	4.50	13.6
	13.5	3.391 0.359	0.253 0.570 0.981 1.392 1.772	3.399 C.402	121.2 106.9 161.9			
13.8	14.2 14.2 14.2	3-3-91 0-3-59 0-727 0-224 0-3-91	1.772 0.411 1.013	55555555555555555555555555555555555555	97.5 168.1 140.1			
		0.643 0.695 1.174	1.772 2.426 2.975	3.363	118.0			
27.6	34.5 14.2 28.4	0.168	0.855	0.395 0.196 0.252	116.1 166.0 160.1			
	42.1	0.447 0.783 1.341 0.335	2.723 3.800 1.393	0.252 0.268 0.353 0.240	154.1 149.4			
69.0 6.9	56.8 34.5 74.0 3.5	10771	1.393 3.167 C.323	0.243 0.300 0.347	248.0 233.8 107.1	1.993	3.80	24.0
	74.0 5.5 10.5 14.2 17.9 14.2 21.4	C-224	3.647 1.600	0.346	166.9 105.0	,,	2000	2.00
13.8	17.3	3.615 3.168	1.353 1.766 0.588	0.360 0.286	105.0 101.3 117.6			
	14.2 21.0 28.4	0.392 5.559 0.783	0.588 1.206 1.765 2.353	0 - 300 7 0 - 300 7	117.7 118.9 120.7			
27.6	28 • 4 34 • 6 14 • 2	0.280	0.732	5 • 34 4 3 • 39 9	125.1			
	28 • 4 42 • 0 56 • 8	0.615 0.895 1.175 0.503	1.883 2.648 3.646	0.327 0.338 0.322	150.8 158.6 155.7			
69.0	34 • 6 74 • 1	1.775	3.237	0.317 C.311 0.444	155.7 217.6 228.8			
6.9	3.4 6.8 10.3	0.459	0.50C 1.112 1.946	0.449	68.1 61.3 53.1	1.887	7.39	2.0
13.8	14.0	0.459 0.944 1.332 0.333 0.722	2.615 0.890 1.946	0.509 0.374 0.371 0.422	53.5 76.5 71.6			
27.5	14.0 20.7 14.0 28.0	1.221 3.416	2.896 1.336	0.422 0.311				
6.9	28 • 0 3 • 5 6 • 9	0.944 0.140 0.392	2.897 3.421 0.947	3.326 2.33 3.414	96.6 82.3 73.1	1.929	5.40	6.0
	10.5		1.527	00011701100	68 • 8 67 • 5			
13.8	6.9 14.2	3.896 1.126 3.224 3.360	2.136 2.475 2.737 1.580	9 - 30 4 3 - 35 4				
27.6	21.0 24.4 14.2	0.560 1.352 1.343 0.336	1.58[2.423 3.266 1.106	5.554 5.411 5.411	86.8			
27.5	24.4	1.460	2.271	1.154	128.6 120.1 119.6 199.6	1.925	5.43	6.0
69.1	4. · 1 56 · 9 34 · 6	271	1.794	3.476	193.1			
6.9	19-59-51 19-59-51 19-59-51 19-59-51	5 911078420468 5 94 10112757668 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3.272	3.265	196.5 162.1 76.6 77.1	1.425	4.50	13.^
	15	0.192 0.550	1.372 1.047	3.266	76.6 77 74.1			
13.6	14.2 21.2	1.166	2.217 3.646 1.563 2.217	0 - 2 4 5 0 - 2 4 5	101.3			
	21.3 21.4 34.6	14287862986 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	3.537	4 6 6 22 7 5 6 7 8 5 7 8 6 6 2 1 8 7 8 7 8 6 6 2 1 8 7 8 7 8 6 6 2 1 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	69.55 97.55 125.57 125.57 125.65			
27.6	14.2 28.4	3.36	20270	3.16	134.7			
69.0	42.1 56.9 34.6	1.119	3.273 4.224 1.690	3.371 1.298	125.5 134.7 264.9			
5,00	74.2	1.120	3.434	3.326	216.1			

	stress (kPa)	str <u>ei</u> n x10			Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m²)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
6.9 13.8 27.6 69.0 6.9 13.8 27.6 6.9	3.5 7.0 10.6 14.3 17.4	U.014 C.253 Q.336	0.219 0.500 0.813 1.156	0.28 3.311 2.291	139.3 133.6 123.7	1.946	3.00	24.5
13.6	7.0 14.3 21.1 23.6	0.112 0.337 0.449 0.736	0.469 1.030 1.530 2.125	2999 2337 23399 23399	116.1 148.5 143.3 141.0 134.6			
27.6	34.8 14.3 28.6 42.3	2.898 3.281 3.505 0.786	2.688 0.813 1.753 2.563	33469 33469 336772 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775 336775	129.6			
69.0	34.8	0.393	1.438	3.273	242.2			
6.9	3.3 6.7 10.2	0.225 0.550 0.681	0.485 1.391 1.819	0 - 45 4 0 - 50 4 0 - 48 4	2307	1.940	7.30	2.0
13.8	13.8 13.8 22.3	0.771 1.321	0.789 1.699 2.731	0.476 0.418 0.454 0.484	56.7 84.9 80.9 74.4			
27.6	13.8 27.5	0.495	2.733	0.429 0.362	119.3 100.6			
6.9	3.3 6.7 10.2 13.8	0.110 0.330 0.495 C.771	0.485 0.970 1.576 2.243	0.227 0.340 0.314 0.344	69.0 69.0 64.5 61.3	1.959	5.40	6.0
13.8	16.7 23.3	0.990 0.771	2.667	0.371	62.8 83.8			
27.6	27.5	1.211	3.457	9.350 9.350	79.5 121.8			
69.0	55.0 33.5	1.736	4.675	0.365 0.211	117.6			
6.9	65.8 3.4 6.7 10.2	0.825 0.055 0.165 0.276	3.463 C.333 D.694 1.356	492704418005185814- 42624147155554185814- 44525555555541858- 	189.9 101.0 96.9 96.7	1.974	4.50	13.0
13.8	13.8 16.6 6.7 13.8 20.4 27.6	11068555561201622216 2173825674513347929 1.1.1000000000000000000000000000000000	1.556 1.834 0.583 1.333 1.889 2.561	#49859#457#GG#DC GFP## - HH4 F# #548#60QN566NNDNQ HH##### GFP## #548#NAFF##QKWA GFP### **********************************	92.1 91.7 115.4 103.7 108.1 110.5			
27.6	5377 6 .3.66.7 2 0 57.7 6 .3.66.5 7 2 0 57.7 7 2 0 57.7 7 2 0 57.7 7 2 0 57.7 7 2 0 57.7 7 2 0 57.7 7 2 0 57.7 7 2 0 57.7 7 2 0 57.7 7	0.992 5.221 0.496 (.772	3.058 1.001 1.946 2.891	0.324 0.221 0.255 0.267	110.0 138.1 142.0 141.2			
69.0	33.6	0.331	1.572	0.220	141.9 223.8			
6.9	72.0	2.772	3.339	0.231	215.8 134.5	1.974	3.80	24.0
4.0	12	1.155	0.550 3.77E	0.227	134.6		3.83	
	13.0	.331	1.55	3.111	133.3 126.2			•
13.5	16 • 7 16 • 8 14: 7 • 6 14: 7 • 6 17: 6 17: 6	0.11 0.276 0.366 3.637	1.333	0.24A 0.21 0.221	151.5 155.5 153.2 146.5			
27.n	23.6 15.8 27.6 49.3 55.3	1.436 1.772	2.534 1.611 2.534 2.895					
69.3	3,4.6	1.159	1.112	7 . 7 . 7	302.5			
b • 9	76.4	77776	2.779	7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	259.4 59.6 51.7	1.893	7.30	2.0
13.t	12.6	- 676	2.101	3.31	48.7 69.9			
1300	14.1	1.453	2.249	0.415	65.4 97.4			
27.6	21.3	245	1.477	0.277	97.4			
6.9	26.8 7.0 15.6	772504712968 	0.417 6.893	5.271 3.252 4.265	64.1 78.5 71.6	1.91.	5.40	6.7
13.8	14.4 17.5 7.0 14.4 21.3 28.8		1.4884 1.55774 1.55774 1.55799324 1.5599324 1.5568	72 H 1 C 5 A 5 B 5 C 5 A 1 B 5	71.1 70.1 90.6 89.6 85.1 84.8			
27.6	28 • 8 35 • 1 14 • 4 28 • 8 42 • 6 57 • 6	360 62 62 83 6129 360 62 62 83 5129 360 62 62 83 5129 360 62 62 83 5129	4.293 1.312 2.564 3.580 5.075	0.242	84.8 81.7 109.8 112.4 119.0			
69.0	35.1	0.394	1.792	3.220	195.7 195.4 97.0			
6.9	35.1 75.1 3.5 7.6 10.7	0.113 6.226 6.395	0.363 C.754 1.173	0.220 0.275 0.311 0.300 0.337	97.0 93.4 91.1 92.5	1.930	4.50	13.0
13.8	14.5 17.6 7.0 14.5 29.9 35.2	0.565 0.734 0.198 0.395 0.565 0.903	1.564 2.011 2.671 1.341 1.956 2.571 3.186	0 • 3655 0 • 3655 0 • 2955 0 • 2851 0 • 39	92.5 87.6 104.9 107.8 112.5 110.5			

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
27.6	14.5 28.9 42.8 57.8 55.2	C.395 C.846 1.354 1.912 0.790	1.118 2.124 3.186 4.195 1.734 3.470	0.353 0.398 0.425 2.456	129.3 1354.9 1373.1 2033.1 2038.4			
69.3	35.2	1.354 0.790 1.354	1.734 3.476	0.390 0.456 0.390	203.1			
6.9	28.8 9 42.8 55.2.3 75.2.3 70.7 10.7 14.6	L.169 0.282	0.436727 1.436727 1.43735 1.45675 1.475		114.3	1.93	3.80	24.0
13.8	7.5 14.5 21.4 28.9 35.2	0.508 0.169 0.339 0.677 0.903	3.560 1.175 1.791 2.406 2.710	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	106.2 103.4 103.5 125.8 123.1 1126.2 121.5			
27.6	14.5 28.9 42.8 57.8	0.282 0.565 0.903	1.307 2.315 2.798 3.750	0.280 0.260 0.323	143.6 143.5 152.8 154.3			
69.0	35.2 72.3	3.452 6.963	1.567	0.288	224.7			

Subbase layer, frozen

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Axial etrain x10	Resilient modulus (GPs)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (2)	Temperature (°C)
69.7	136.3 236.0 272.7 359.3	0.042 0.083 0.139 0.264	32.38 24.82 19.62 12.85	2.020	7.50	-5.3
	136.3 226.0 272.7	0.139 0.361 0.639	9.98 9.81 5.71 4.27	2.023	7.50	-2.2
27.6 69.J	13.3 26.7 29.3	1.113 2.646 4.184	3.12 3.13 3.13	2.023	7.50	-0.2
67.3	4.007.3.57.3.63.4.67.5.9.4.82.2.3.4.63.67.7.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.	11.230	24925911792751222471	2.398	7.50	-1 - 5
	69.5 135.9 255.4	139	12.43 14.01 14.73	2.099	7.50	-5.∶
	353 · 4 1353 · 4 1355 · 9 2271 · 3 4 94	691933644007746792019179058758123511933713588944136714619222485573225615770890505051488786653460508128886653460508128886653460508128886653460508128888665346050812888866534605081288886653460508888665346050888866653460508888666534605088886665346050888866653460508888666534605088886665346050888866653460508888666534605088886665346050888666534608886665346088866653460888666534608886665346088866653460888665346088866653460888666534608886665346088866658668866886688668866886688668866	14.24 12.53 13.59 26.66 24.94	2.394	7.50	-8 - 3
	3.47.483 14.65.5.4.7 12.73.65.4.7 12.73.65.4.85 12.73.65.4.85	7.183 3.295 3.108 7.257 3.405 C.568	18.79 16.38 6.15 5.26 5.27	2.398	7.50	~0.5
	338.3 136.1 205.6 272.2	0.811 0.342 0.383 0.125	4 • 17 32 • 40 24 • 77 21 • 78	2.044	7.50	-5+?
	33.5 483.5 135.6 272.2 338.7	0.181 0.361 0.069 0.153 0.333	4-17 524-77 163-99 113-9 113-9 113-9 113-9 113-9 113-9 113-9 113-9 113-9 113-9 113-9 1	2.044	7.50	-1.4
	338.7 136.1 205.6 272.2	1.301 0.053 0.105 0.158	3.38 25.68 19.58 17.23	2.844	7.50	-8.8
	2072 • 2 2072 • 2 330 • 7 4836 • 1 205 • 6 272 • 7	0.329 0.184 0.316 0.474	16.13 14.71 7.40 6.51 5.74	2.044	7.50	-0.5

Subbase layer, thawed

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10			Resilient modulus (MPa)		Moisture content (Z)	Moisture tension (kPa)
6.9	3.3 6.6	1.314 2.190	0.315	3.574	36.1 33.7	2.094	7.50	2.0
13.0	7.5 9.6 13.3	.766	2.943	7.744 5.755 5.555	33.7			
27.6	13.3	0.986	2.747	0.583	48.2 77.3			
6.9	6.5	463	1.713	0.455 0.548 0.658	73.6	2.524	t.50	6.3
	13.2	1.235	1.412	0.658 0.636	71.0			
13.6	13.2 17.3 6.6	1 026	2.649 2.7.6 1.589	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	65.3 65.3 96.7			
13.0	13.7 23.3 27.3	1.181 1.181	1.589	2 473	56.3 85.1			
	27.3		2.355	2.574	85.9			
27.6	27.3	1.537 1.128	1.119		122.1 118.9			
6.9	3 • 4 6 • 8	1.128 1.107 1.269 1.376	2.297		96.7 96.7 96.7	2.024	6.03	13.0
	15.2	5.376	1.59 1.530 2.000 1.941	0.381 2.355 3.386 0.402	96.7 89.3			
	17.1	0.591	2.500	0.402	85.3 87.9			
13.8	17.1	0.805	3.4/1		145.0			
	13.7 20.5	0.430 0.806	1.177	0.365 0.428	116.1 108.8 103.2			
27.6	27.3 13.7	1.181	2.648	0.446	163.2 178.6			
2	27.3	0.752 1.449	1.883 2.945 4.122 1.472	0.421 0.399	145.1 139.1			
	54.6	1.997	4.122	0.492 0.482	132.5			
69.0	34 • 1 68 • 3	0.591 1.235 0.161 0.322	3.064 0.514	0.401	231.9 222.9			
6.9	10.3	0.322	0.857	0.376	133.2 119.8	2.035	5.50	24.0
	13.7 17.1	0.4554	1.200	3.405	114.1 110.9			
13.8	6.8 13.7	0.645 0.161 0.484	0.400	0.418 0.402 0.403	171.1			
	27.5	0.645	1.600	3.403	128.3			
	39.2	0.968 1.344 0.269	1.600 2.229 2.972	0.434	122.8 115.1			
27.6	13.7	0.269 0.645	1.772	0.336 0.364 0.392	171.1 154.5			
	41.1 54.8	0.645 1.075 1.612	2.743 3.716	0.392				
69.0	34.2 62.7	0.484	1.258	0 • 359 3 • 4585 0 • 359 0 • 559 0 • 558	272.9			
6.9	5 • 5	0.967	0.667	Ğ.495	228.6 49.1	2.044	7.50	2.0
	6 • 6 9 • 8	0.327 0.762 1.307	2.243					
13.8	6.6	0.436	1.273	0.342	51.5 56.9			
27.6	13.1 19.7 13.1	1.960	3.458 1.577	0.473 0.567 0.415 0.457	56.9 83.1			
6.9	26.2	0.654 1.525 0.381	3.338 0.572	0.457	83.1 78.6 57.3	2.044	6.50	6.0
0.7	3.3	3.242	1.506	3-185	50.2 48.2 47.2	2.044	6.50	0.0
	9.8 13.1	C.485	2.776	0.238	47.2			
13.8	6 • 6 13 • 1	0.202	0.4980	9.206 3.198 3.216	66.9 64.2			
27.6	13.1 19.7 13.1	0.687	2.042 3.186 1.367	0.124	61.7			
6.9	26.2	0.566 0.109	2.360	0.198	91.7	2.080	6.03	13.0
0.7	6.8	0.219	0.765		91.7 130.1 89.3 85.8	2.000	0.03	13.0
	10.6 14.1	0.655 0.874	1.236	0.397	83.4			
13.8	17.7 6.8	0.164	2.119 0.716 2.119 3.303 1.3179	0.354 0.397 0.232 0.232	83.3 96.7			
	21.2	1.819	2.119	3.287	100.0			
27.6	1.4 · 1 28 · 2	1.201	1.331	9.400 9.327 0.351	141.0 129.6			
27.c	42.3	1.256	3.35 A 4.716		124.1	2.08	6.03	13.0
69.5	50.5 32.9	1.474	1 - 6 - 7	0.313 0.331 1.351	199.5			
6.7	3.5	1.201	3.539 0.236 0.531			2.075	5.53	24.0
0.00	13.6	1.214	ð.53 <u>1</u>	3 • 4 1 1	128.5		•••	
	14.1	0.382 0.491 7.546	1.150	2.416	177.55 177.63 112.69.63 111.12.69.63 112.69.63			
13.8	17.6		6.531	1 • 2 • 2 2 • 2 • 5	128.5			
	14 • 1 21 • 2	2.02.7	1.531	0 - 30 B 5 - 36 4	132.5			
	14 • 1 21 • 2 28 • 2 35 • 3	2.274 2.982 2.273	2.112	132635/8412 4443/655/8412 100000000000000000000000000000000000	12909-5555 14909-11 15579-11 17579-11			
27.6		273	3.944	12.0 12.0 12.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13	149.5			
	20.2	3.819 1.366	2.555	ğ •	159.5			
69.0	35.3	0.43/	2.555 3.540 1.298	0.286	271.9			
6.9	70.6	C. H 74	2.951 0.572	0 . 30.7	239.1 58.3	2.325	7.50	2.0
	13.1	0.220 0.550 0.989	1.2.1	0.458	55.6 47.5			=

	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPs)
Í3.8	6 • 7 13 • 7 20 • 3	C.330 0.879 1.429	0.948 2.074 3.383	0.348 0.424 0.464	70.4 66.1 55.7			
27.6	13.7	1.154	2.966	0.333	92.4 92.4 91.3			
6.9	10.1	0.604	4.453 1.143 1.714	0.528 0.513	68.6 80.0 73.5	2.02C	6.50	6.0
13.8	13.7 20.3	0.659 0.989	2.286 1.315 1.829 2.851	0.57 0.52 0.52 0.52 0.52 0.54 0.54	104.3 110.8 97.9			
27.6	240.17 1136.77 1136.77 120.44 1273.47 1273.47	3499999359980832 068269833853951882 068269833853951882 068269853853951882 06826985385395858	3.716 0.915 2.173 3.431	0.549 0.547 0.421 0.405 0.449	89.8 149.8 126.1 121.6			
69.0	54 • 8 33 • 4 65 • 5	2.198	4.577 1.602 3.434	0.480 0.343	119.8 208.3			
6.9	3.4	0.383	0.737	0.243	190.9 99.2 92.1	2.069	6.00	13.0
•••	6.8 10.3 13.9 17.0	0.388 0.498 C.665	1.158 1.579 2.300 0.635	0.335 0.335 0.332	88.9 88.2 84.8			
13.8	6.8 13.9 20.6	0.388	1.263 1.895 2.632 3.422	0.307 0.321	112.2 110.3 108.7 105.9			
27.6	13.9 20.6 27.9 33.9 13.9	0.277	3.422 1.000 2.300 3.031	431552371767212 523533802357257257 5000000000000000000000000000000	139.3 139.3 137.3 137.5			
69.0	41.2 55.7 33.9 72.7	1.353 1.385 0.610 1.607	455	0.342 0.429	137.5 238.6 226.8 166.8			
6.9	3.4	0.055 0.111 0.222 0.332 0.443	1.422 3.206 0.211 0.474 0.789	0.261 0.254 0.281	143.2	2.065	5.50	24.0
17.0	10.3 13.9 17.0	0.332	1.105 1.421 0.447	0.330 0.312	130.5 126.1 119.4 151.8			
13.8	13.9 23.6 27.9	0.111 3.305 5.498 0.720	1.526	29114122856134 342583314956134 5452223523525555 6666666666666666666666666	139.3 135.0 135.8			
27.6	1763.69 63.69 22733.99 1271.79 551	0.222 0.665 1.053	2.474 0.342 1.737 2.632	0.403 0.264 0.383 0.40 0.421	137.1 165.4 160.4 156.5			
69.0	55.7 33.9 72.7	1.441 3.498 1.219	3.422 1.369 3.012	0.421 0.364 0.406	162.5 247.8 242.2			

Subgrade layer, thawed

Confining pressure (kPs)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
13.6	7.0 14.0 20.8 27.3	9.333 3.499 2.999 1.165	1.056 1.961 3.018 4.150	0.515 0.254 0.331 0.261	56.2 71.3 68.6 65.9	1.657	24.60	2.0
27.6	14.0	0.333 0.832 0.999	1.434	0.232 0.276 0.221	91.6 91.6 89.3			
69.5	40.4 33.9 70.0 104.9	0.499 1.831	4.529 2.264 4.908 7.933	0.147 0.214 0.231 0.245	149.6 142.5 132.2			
13.3	104.9 104.9 14.0 21.9	1.997	8.311 1.360 2.416	0 • 24 C 0 • 36 7 0 • 34 4 0 • 34 3	126.2 102.9 90.4 83.6	1.653	22.90	6.3
27.6	28.4 35.0 26.4 41.5	1.165 1.064 3.832 1.165	3.401 4.309 2.419 3.780	0.386 0.386 0.344 0.368	81.2 117.5 109.9			
69.J	56.8 35.0 73.3	1.997 2.499 2.799	6.250 1.966 4.310	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	94.0 177.9 162.3			
13.8	104.9 139.8 14.0 20.8	2.163 3.659 5.499 5.632	7.945 10.990 1.440 2.425	G • 272 D • 333 û • 347 u • 343	132.5 127.2 97.1 85.6	1.650	20.70	11.0
27.6	34.9 28.4 41.5	1.497 0.665 1.331	4.395 2.425 4.168	0.341 0.274 0.319	79.5 117.1 99.6			
69.0	56 •8 69 •9 34 •9	1.996 2.661 0.499	6.064 7.580 1.895	0.329 0.351 0.263 0.183	93.6 92.2 184.4 153.7			
13.8	69.9 164.8 139.8 14.0	0.832 1.996 3.327 0.333	4.548 6.976 10.240 1.062	0.286 0.325 0.314	150 • 2 136 • 5 131 • 6	1.65C	15.90	21.0
*3+6	21.8	0.665	1.669	0.398	130.9 124.7	3.000		

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (LPs)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (HPa)	Dry density (Hg/m ²)	Moisture content (I)	Moisture tension (kPs)
27.6	28.4 41.5 56.8	0.665 0.998 1.331	1.821 3.035 4.552	0.365 0.329 0.292	155.9 136.7 124.7			
69.0	69.9 34.9 69.9 104.8	1.830 0.333 0.832	5.690 1.821 3.794 6.451	0.322 0.183 0.219 0.258	122.8 191.9 184.2 162.5			
13.8	139.8 14.0 21.8	2.162 C.333 Q.499 C.499	8.349 1.662 1.821	0.259 0.314 6.274	167.4 131.6 119.9	1.650	14.83	26.0
27.6	21.8 27.3 34.9 28.5 61.6 69.9	0.665 0.998 0.499 5.832 1.331 1.497	2.429 3.036 1.670 3.036 4.327 5.466	0 · 24 4 0 · 27 4 0 · 32 9 0 · 27 4 2 · 30 8	112.4 115.1 170.0 136.7 126.2 127.9			
69.0	69.9 34.9 69.9 124.8 134.8	1.497 2.333 3.832 1.331 1.331	5.466 6.173 1.671 3.568 6.173 6.453	0.247 3.199 C.233 0.219	115.1 269.2 195.9 172.6			
6.9	139.8 3.5 7.0 10.5	0.333	8.354 0.449 1.646 1.868	0.178	167.3 78.9 66.9 56.2	1.650	24.23	3.0
13.8	14.3 21.9 21.9	2.253 2.333 0.333	2.617 1.869 2.991 3.765	0.096 0.111 0.099 0.168	53.5 74.9 73.2 65.3			
69.0	26.3 35.0 135.0 135.0 7.0	0.333 1.332	9.862 2.769 5.612 8.234	6.059 3.162	54.0 126.4 124.8 127.5			
6.9	135.3 7.5 13.5	1.445 0.167 333 0.606	1.348 2.246	3 • 16 3 3 • 27 9 5 • 2 • 7	129.J 58.4 51.9 46.7	1.650	22.13	9.3
6.3	14.2	0.716 1.765	2.945 599	4 • 1 5 6	46.7	1.65	22.10	8.0
13.8	17.5 7.0 14.0 21.7 21.7	2.699	1.156	3 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	48.4 6.3 6.2 6.3 6.3			
27.6	16.3 28.6	1.532	5.172 1.172 5.523 4.168 6.741	14 9 7 9 8 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9	64.4 74.4 93.4 95.4			
69.3	56.9 70.3 73.3 1.5.3	2.331 1.166 2.331 3.333	5.244 7.769 10.530	5.222 5.296 5.317	05.3 133.5 133.4 133.3			
6.9	3.5 7.0 10.5 14.0	2.167	1.450 1.450 1.650 2.130	2.159 3.272 9.238	77.8 66.7 63.6 66.7	1.65	17.50	17.0
13.8	17.5 7.0 14.0 20.8 28.4	0.666 0.167 0.506 0.833	2.524 1.350 1.950 2.774 3.749	0.259 0.256 0.300	66.7 66.7 71.8 74.9 75.9			
27.6	35.0 14.0 28.4 41.6 56.9	C.333 G.833	4.649 1.530 3.149 4.499 5.999	0 · 28 / 0 · 26 5 0 · 25 9 0 · 30 5	75.3 93.3 90.3 92.4 94.8			
69.0	7:.0 35.0 70.0 165.0 140.0	1.832 2.331 3.500 0.999 1.832 2.631	7.274 2.400 4.499 6.751 9.373	0.200 0.222 0.271 0.302	96.3 145.9 155.6 155.5 149.4			
6.9	1 · G · O 3 · 5 7 · O 10 · 5 14 · O 17 · 5	2.664 0.167 0.333 0.500	9.373 0.300 0.825 1.351	U + 48 7	149.4 116.7 84.9 77.7 77.7	1.657	14.80	26.0
13.8	17.5 7.0 14.0 20.8 20.4	0.666 0.167 0.333 C.666 0.833	2.461 0.825 1.651 2.401 3.376	0.2246 0.2277 0.2277 0.2277 0.2277 0.22477 0.22477	72.9 84.9 84.8 86.6 84.3			
27.6	35.0 14.0 29.4 41.6 56.9	1.166 C.333 G.666 G.999 1.499	4.128 1.351 2.052 3.903 5.404 6.755	0.254 0.256	105.5 105.5 105.7			
	/0.0	1.998	6.755	ÿ . 29 §	13367			
69.0	105.0	2.331	5.877	0.270	178.7			
6.9	143.0 3.4 6.9 10.3 13.7	1.665 2.165 0.495 0.855 1.154 0.37	0.588 1.469 2.224 2.945	0.496 0.496 0.2870 0.2357 0.374	58.4 46.8 46.7 46.7	1.650	24.68	2.9
13.8	3 · 9 10 · 9 10 · 9 13 · • 9 120 · • 9 120 · • 9 127 · • 9 127 · • 9	0.677	1.350 2.354 3.460 5.013	0.260	66.7 53.3 58.9			
27.6	13.7 27.9 27.9 41.8 55.7	1.813 0.495 1.153 1.153 1.648 2.765	1.769 3.686 3.686 5.331 7.388	9.362 2.363 9.313 9.313 9.401	55.7 77.6 75.6 75.6 75.6			

Confining pressure (kPs)	Devistor strees (kPa)	Radial Strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Hoisture tension (kPs)
69.0 6.9	34.3 68.5 102.8 3.4 6.9	0.659 1.318 2.4165 0.329 0.824	2.586 5.690 8.527 £.444 1.257	0.255 3.232 0.290 3.372 0.262	132.5 120.4 120.8 77.5 51.5	1.650	22.90	6.0
13.8 13.8	15.3 13.7 17.2 13.7 25.3 27.0 34.3	9-319-9-51-9-51-9-51-9-51-9-51-9-51-9-51	2.5997 2.072 2.959 4.172 5.128	2013146 4555 44841 5 555 555 555 555	52.9 55.3 66.1 68.7 63.4 66.1	1.650	22.90	6.0
27.6 69.0 6.9	27.8 41.8 55.7 68.3 32.8 13.3	2.564 1.812	11138917445 1415159667 146828554		85.6 PE.8 41.7 136.1 126.1	1.650	18.57	15.0
13.8	6.5 16.3 16.7 13.3 16.3	249746952980 2497552980 245552980 25552980	2.671	25777 25777 25774 2577 2577 2577 2577 25	71 - 1 69 - 3 63 - 9 62 - 5 77 - 0 81 - 2 77 - 0			
27.6	25-37 25-37 25-8 137-8 45-8 68-5	1.482 1.4829 0.6524 1.153 1.648	23-339 4-239 1-187 2-568 4-638 4-638	0.277 0.317 0.263 0.261 0.215	81.0 115.4 107.2 102.3 88.3			
69.0	34.3 68.5 102.8 137.0 6.9	0.329 0.988 1.647 2.635 0.329	2.375 4.602 7.052 9.281 8.594 1.340 1.337	0.139 0.215 0.234 0.284 0.316 0.338	144.3 148.9 145.6 147.6 115.4 102.5	1.650	15.70	22.3
13.8	13.7 17.1 6.9 13.7 20.3 27.8 34.3	5-1-29 1-29 1-352	1.931 0.520 1.337 2.154 2.971 3.862 1.340	0.341 0.246 0.306 0.277 0.299	88.7 131.8 102.5 94.4 93.7 88.7			
27.6 69.8	27.8 41.8 55.7 68.5 34.3	1.976 0.329 0.988	2.154 3.862 5.348 6.462 2.302 4.308	0.256 0.256 0.256 0.122 0.122 0.280 0.280	129.2 108.1 104.1 106.0 148.8 159.1 168.7			
6.9	102.8 137.0 137.0 3.5 7.0 10.5	1.462 2.470 2.470 0.333 0.500 0.750	6.092 8.546 8.546 0.633 1.357 2.263 3.018	0.245	160.3 160.3 58.2 51.7 46.5 46.6	1.650	25.20	1.0
13.8	7.0 14.0 20.8 29.5 35.1	1.07 1.167 1.417 1.334 1.667	3.018 3.774 1.132 2.264 3.472 4.908 5.666	0.272	4620-1 620-1 680-1 581-4			
27.6 69.0	14 . C 28 . 57 57 2 75 2	1.167	1.813 3.400 5.062 6.804 5.701 2.800 5.826	0.184 0.245 0.231 0.297 0.379	83.9 82.3 83.8 80.7 125.4			
6.9	195.5	23.003 0.3307 0.56633 0.56633	8.326 10.980 0.606 1.363 2.424 3.181 3.938	2473 2473 2273 2446 2460 2460 2460 2460 2460 2460 2460	126.5 127.9 57.9 51.5 43.4 44.6	1.650	23.30	5.0
27.6 27.9	41.7 57.0 72.2	0.333 0.667 1.833 2.333 1.167	1.667 3.788 5.114 6.439 7.367 2.652 5.684	0.228 0.285	84.2 75.3 81.5 88.6	1.65:	23.33	5.0
69.5	155050505050505050505050505050505050505	2.667	5-9621 5-9621 10-27364 10-27364 10-223	19554 B977	13232 6 - 9 - 2 - 1333 6 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	1.651	20.70	:1.0
13.8	13.2 17.5 7.0 14.0	5.333 5.536 5.667 5.333	3.564 1.362 2.275	0.167 0.157 0.146	66.1 61.7 61.1			
27.6	20.8 26.5 14.0 28.5 41.7 57.0	0.5603 10.5633 10.5600 10.500	4.550	3.225 3.225 3.295	622-6 623-6 84-5 84-5			

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
6.9	3.5 7.0 10.5 14.0	Ç.250	0.455 0.910 1.441	C.173	77.1 77.1 73.1 71.2	1.650	15.13	25.0
13.8	14.0 17.5 7.0	0.333 0.417 0.333	1.441 1.972 2.579 0.759 1.744	0.169 0.162	71.2 68.0 92.6 80.5 78.5			
27.6	17.0008510570 12.000570 12.000070 12.00070 12.00070 12.00070 12.000070 12.00000 12.00000 12.0	0.500 0.750 1.000 2.500	2.656 3.634 4.552 1.366 3.35	19888035504475488000000000000000000000000000000	77.1 102.8			
69.0	41.7 57.0 70.2 35.1 70.2	1.333 1.667	4.173 5.690 6.831 2.504 4.932	0.200 0.234 0.244 0.167	100.2 102.8 140.2 142.3			
	70.2 105.3 140.4	1.000 1.667 2.167	4.932 6.831 9.490	0.203 0.244 0.228	142.3 154.2 147.9			

Taxiway B

Subbase layer, frozen

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Axial strain x10	Resilient modulus (GPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Temperature (°C)
69.3	71.5 139.8 211.3 279.7 348.0	0.551 0.192 0.256 0.321 0.346	14.01 10.92 11.01 13.93	1.976	5.50	-5.3
	497.2 71.5 139.8 211.3 288.0 497.2	76.8569952359963 76.000000000000000000000000000000000000	14.37 12.32 13.31	1.976	5.50	-2.8
	497.2 71.5 139.8 211.3 279.7	0.535 0.282 0.693 1.155	11.56 10.56 9.25 22.08 1.66 1.66	1.976	5.50	-0.3
27.6	41.0 55.9	0.039 0.116 0.193 0.295	3.66 2.41 2.13 1.90			
69.0	68.4 70.3 137.8 208.0 275.0 342.5	0.0467780.2321780.2331	12.88	2.604	5.50	-5.3
	70.3 137.6 208.0 275.0	A . A 2 &	119278515 1116	2.904	5.50	-2.0
	343.0 489.4 70.5 137.6 208.0 275.3	0.524 0.691 0.163 0.550 1.126 1.627	508205914 60355914 60355914	2.004	5.50	-0.3
27.6	27.5 41.6 55.0	0.050 0.081 0.106 0.175	5.51 5.14 5.19 3.85			
69.0	135.7 205.1 271.4 337.8 482.5	0.036	19.28 11.40 9.08	1.965	5.50	-5.0
	482.5 69.4 135.7 205.1 271.4 337.8	128637 00.2837 00.3119 00.2721 00.2271 00.3361	11.57 5.83 6.34 7.49 8.87	1.965	5.50	-2.0
	135:7 205:1	0.546 0.881	10.14	1.965	5.50	-0.3
27.6	13.3 27.1 41.0 54.3 69.4	0.048 0.107 0.167 0.215 0.262	2.4837 2.0764 2.0764 2.065			

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)		Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
a+3	7.5 12.6	0.393 0.843 1.405 2.121 0.786	7.571 1.975	2.683 2.681 2.738 2.771	61 • 1 56 • 4 55 • 6	2.67t	5.50	2.0
13.5	14.3 7.3 14.3	294	2.621 1.259 2.383 3.576	0.634 0.754 0.753	54.6 56.3 69.2			
27.6	214-3 214-3 214-3 11-5	0.574 1.985	3.1.1	0.425 0.545 5.549	90.9 92.3 98.5			
6.9	3.5 15.5 14.3	1.112 1.112 1.112 1.112	1.226	7447142 744715714 745714 745715 745715 745715 745715	88.9 86.3 81.1 79.0	2.091	5.13	6.0
13.8	14.3 17.3 6.9 14.3 21.1 28.5	1.224 1.269 1.905	2.176 0.7-9 1.415 2.294 3.172	0.514	98.0 100.7 91.6 89.6			
27.6	34.7 14.3 28.5 42.1 57.0	2.538 0.534 1.121 1.680	4.247 1.172 2.344 3.516 4.385	00.478 00.478 00.478	81.7 121.6 121.6 119.8 116.7			
69.0	34.7 74.3	2.352 0.448 1.233	1.563 3.666	0.287 0.336	221.9 202.8			
6.9	3.5 6.9 10.5 14.3 17.4	3.084 0.224 0.393 0.617 0.841	0.293 0.634 1.024 1.463 1.835	257 257 259 259 259 259 269 269 269	118.6 109.6 103.0 97.5 96.2	2.101	4.83	12.0
13.8	6.9 14.3 21.1 28.5 37.7	0.140 0.449 0.729 1.065 1.514	0.537 1.171 1.805 2.445 3.171	0.466 3.261 0.383 0.404 0.436	129.4 121.9 116.8 117.0 119.0			
27.6	14.3 28.5 42.2 57.1	0.280 0.673 1.365 1.570	0.878 1.903 2.684 3.660	0.319 0.354 0.397	162.5 150.0 157.2 155.9			
69.0	34 • 7 74 • 4	0.336 1.069	1.318	0.255	263.6 242.0 154.7			
13.8	3.5 7.0 10.6 14.3 17.4 7.0	0.112 9.168 0.281 0.337 0.356 0.168	0.225 0.450 0.750 1.050 1.300 0.400 0.850		154.7 140.8 136.1 133.8 174.0	2.107	4.70	17.0
27.6	21.1 28.6 34.8 14.3 28.6 42.3 57.2	0.337 0.417 0.617 0.122 0.505 0.841	1.350 1.800 2.250 0.700 1.400 2.201 3.001	0.201	156.5 158.8 154.7 204.1 204.1 192.0			
69.0	34 .8 74 .6	0.168	0.950 2.451	0.177	366.3			
6.9	3.4 6.8 10.3 13.9	0.222 0.498 0.776	0.439 0.927 1.464	0.177 0.206 0.506 0.537 0.530	366.3 30442 77.3 73.2 70.4	2.080	5.50	2.0
13.8	16.8	1.108 0.332 0.610 1.274	2.050 8.732 1.563 2.442	C.540 O.454 C.390 O.522	68.0 92.7 89.2 10.6			
27.6	2.6 13.9 27.9 41.2	0.443 1.653 1.995 0.111 0.277	1.172 2.541 4.157	0.522 0.378 0.414 0.480 0.388	118.9 109.7			
6.9	6.8 10.3 13.9	7.720	0.286 0.619 1.600 1.429 1.762	0.447 0.498	118.4 109.4 102.8 97.3	2.091	5.19	6.0
13.8	16.9 6.8 13.9 6.6	0.941 0.166 0.498 0.630	0.560 1.095 1.762	0.534 3.332 0.455 6.471	96.1 135.5 127.0 37.2			
13.8	27.8 33.9	1.162 1.550 0.332	2.382	0.488 0.525	116.8 114.6	2.091	5.10	6.0
27.6	13.9 27.8 41.1 55.6	C.J32 C.R86 1.6J5 2.435	2.382 2.954 0.058 1.936 3.698 4.147	9.4857 9.4857 9.4528 9.4528 9.55899 9.55899	114-6 1142-9 1625-7 1334-1 2212-8 112-8			
69.0	33.g 72.5	1.500	1.526 3.577 C.275	0.419	221.6 202.8			
6.9	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000	80559052248689 80560523572668 905650357136 905650357136	2.75 2.65 2.65 2.55 2.55 2.55 2.55 2.55 2.5	79955954274 42574124274 54253542535 542535 542535	123.1 112.8 103.0 103.0	2.597	4-80	12.0
13.8	13.9 20.5 27.8 33.8	0.538 0.699 0.996	0.50C 1.15C 1.75G 2.401 2.851	0.415 0.466	100950-9 100950-9 130050-5 130050-5 130050-5 118580-8 118580-8 118580-17			
27.6 69. 0	27.8 41.1 55.6	3-589 6996 15225 155906 13807	1.751 2.602 3.603 1.301	0.296 0.316 0.383 0.446 0.298	153.3 158.8 157.9 154.3			
	72.5	1.107	3.103	0.357	233.7			

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (I)	Moisture tension (kPa)
6.9	3.4 6.8 10.3	0.055 0.166 0.249	0.200 0.500 0.850	0.275 0.332 C.293	169.4 135.5 120.9 121.0	2.098	4.70	17.8
	13.9	G.388	1.150	0.337 0.396	121.0 121.0			
13.8	6.8 13.9 20.6 27.8	0.554 0.111 0.277 0.471 0.720	0.425 0.900 1.400 1.900	0.261 0.368 0.336 0.379	159.4 154.6 146.9			
	27.8 33.9 13.9	0.941	1.900 2.350 0.700	0.379 0.480 0.237	146.5 144.2 198.7			
27.6	27.8	0.166 0.443 0.775	1.400	0.316 0.378	198 • 8 200 • 6			
69.0	41.1 55.6 33.9	1.107 C.277 Q.775 Q.275 J.960	2.751	0.402	202.3			
	72.6	0.775	2.251	0.344	338 · 8 322 · 5 59 · 3	2.092	5.59	2.0
6.9	3.5 6.7 10.1	7.960	2.251 0.564 1.334 2.653	0.72 C 0.589	50.1 49.4	2.074	3037	
13.8	13.7	1.815 3.585 0.824 1.435	2.824 0.822 1.797 2.672	0.643	48.6 81.3			
13.8	13:7	0.824	1.797	0.459 0.535	76.4 75.9			
27.6	13.7 20.3 13.7 27.5	8.495	1.131	0.438 0.428	121.4			
	90.6	1.070	3.859	0.485	105.2 112.4 99.9	2.125	5.10	6.0
6.9	6.7	0.110 0.276 0.552 0.773	0.675	3.409	99.9	2.123	3.10	0.0
	10.2	0.773	1.050	0.526	92.3			
13.8	16.9	1.050 0.221 0.552	1.850	0.568 0.432 0.482	91.1 122.6 120.4			
		0.552 0.884 1.215	0.550 1.150 1.751	0.505 0.517 0.552	116.9			
	20.5 27.7 33.7	1.656	3.331	3.552	112.3			
27.6	27.7	0.331 0.718 1.215 1.878	0.826 1.551 2.613	0.431 0.463 0.467	167.7 178.6 157.3			
	40.9 55.4 33.7	1.215	3.756	0 - 10	16/.5			
69.3	12.3	3.552 1.325 3.355	3.756 1.3.2 3.077	0.424 G.441	259.0 243.3			
6.9	3.4 6.8		0.537	G.441 0.225 0.257 6.315 0.337	158.7 126.1	2.137	4.83	12.0
	13.3	0.277 0.387 0.553 0.138	J.878	5.315 5.335	117.C 118.7			
13.8	16.9	0.553 0.138	1.561	3.454 3.283	158.4 138.7			
	13.9 20.5 27.8	3.277 3.498 6.715	1.524	3.263 3.263 3.271 4.329 3.351	135.7 135.9			
13.8	27.8	0.941	2.649	3.351	135.7 133.4	2.137	4.60	12.0
27.6	33.8 13.9 27.6	3.221	2.537 3.732 1.560	112488011275 33714385127275 34014385128578	189.9 178.2	•		
	A1.1	0.775 1.162	2.294 3.026 1.171 2.686	0.38	179.1			
69.3	553.4 723.4	0.387	1.171	0.330	289 • 1 27[• : 174 • 2			
6.9	3.4	0.055	3.195	0.292	174.2 154.7	2.146	4.70	17. C
	10.3 13.5 17.0	G.655 J.111 J.166 Q.222	0.757	0.235	145.8			
11 0	17.0	0.577	0.737 0.737 1.171 0.390	0.2359 0.2357 0.141	150.5 145.0 174.2			
13.8	13.9	0.166	V • 5 3 7	0.194	163.3			
	27.9	0.166 L.277 9.388 9.554 7.111 C.277	1.317	0.227 0.258 0.163	156.6 163.3			
27.6	34.0 13.9 27.9	2.111	2.147	0.163	158 • 2 204 • 2 234 • 2			
	41.2	ひゅうフラ	1.366		196.6			
69.0	55.8 34.0	0.277 0.277	2.782	0.279 0.237	200.6 290.0 286.8			

Subgrade layer, frozen

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Axial etraio x10	Resilient modulus (GPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Temperature (°C)
13.8	14.9 20.6 27.4 35.0	0.188 0.313 0.563	0.75 0.66 0.49	1.339	29.20	-0.2
27.6	14.0 27.4 41.6 54.8	0.688 0.250 9.530 0.613	0.51 0.56 0.55 0.51			
69.0	102.6 139.7 174.6	0.170 C.273 0.375	6.04 5.12 4.66 4.30	1.339	29.20	-1.¤
	205.1 102.6 139.7	0.034	30.18 16.44	1.339	29.20	-5.7

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Arial strain x10	Resilient modulus (GPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Temperature (°C)
6 9 .0	174.6 205.2 272.8	17783 0 - 17383 0 - 12438 0 - 2438 0 - 684	12467 12467 12573 024	1.331	29.20	-0.2
	7.2 10.7 14.3	0.219 0.438 0.688	0.33 0.24 0.21			
13.8	272-8 3-627-3 10-3 14-3 17-3 14-0 21-0 21-9	0.626	0.33 6.23			
27.6	14.3 27.9 42.5	1.940 0.501 1.864 1.878	0.25			
69.8	55.8 71.6 35.5 104.2 141.9	2.566 1.566 3.451 6.132 8.232	8989432318897 211222222213957 6686688377595	1.331	29.28	-1.8
	177.4 200.5 277.2 71.0 104.2 141.9	0.232 0.397 0.629 0.729 0.010 0.014 0.143	2.82 2.86 3.35 39.43 19.39	1.331	29.28	-5.0
4.9	277:3 3.6 1.3	0.286 0.357 0.245 0.245	7.29 7.76 9.50 9.29	1.330	29.20	-0.2
13.8	14.3 17.6 7.1 14.3 28.9 27.8	0.867 0.247 0.640 0.776 1.423	7.76 0.50 0.221 0.221 0.221 0.222 0.222			
27.6	35.6 14.3 27.8 42.3	1:140	0.25 0.24 0.23			
69.8	35.6 71.8 102.6 139.6 175.7 272.7	2.638 1.648 3.718 0.1687 0.412 0.5027	0 - 22 0 - 27 6 - 37 4 - 36	1.330	29.20	-1.8
	140.4	0.053 0.107 0.160	79815 	1.330	29.20	-5.0
	206.2 274.3 34.7	0.326 0.326 0.037	9.38	1.315	29.20	-1.8
69.8	69.4 101.9 138.7 173.4 203.8 271.0	748344 174344 174344 1743599 100000000000000000000000000000000000	9.37 6.89 1.17	1.318	29.20	-1 • 4
	101.7	0.055 0.055 0.129 0.129	2.44 2.44 18.71 18.45 15.42	1.318	29.20	-4.2
	207.4 34.7 35.7 105.0 142.9	0.331 0.252 1.523 2.633	6.27 1.52 1.69 0.69	1.318	29.28	-0.2
	173 - 1 203 - 9 35 - 7 105 - 0 107 - 1 107 - 1	111847559663898684866648 12274271348599477519594814 122744721501475598614419 10008147559858586868888888888888888888888888888	207720949-159742014245861 	1.333	29.20	-1.8
	200 -1 276 -7 70 -0 103 -9 101 -5 176 -9	0.556 0.010 0.054 0.056	39.31 19.34 15.72	1.333	27.20	~4.2
	347.3 35.3	0.216 0.144 0.548	11.55	1.333	29.20	-0.2

Subgrade layer, thawed

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)		Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	density	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPs)
6.9	7 · 2 1 · 7 7 · 2	2-252 2-525 2-336	1.753 1.753 2.746	0.332 3.269 3.337 9.267	47.1 40.9	1.638	23.80	1.0
13.8	14.3	2.336 6.757	1.258	2.267	39.1 56.8 52.0			
27.6	21.0 14.5	1.514 5.421 1.539 2.186	1.676	0.353 0.224 0.263	49.1 76.2 70.3			
69.0	35.7	2.186	5.853	0 - 374 0 - 230	76.3 75.6 122.1 115.7			
6.9	4371.4 371.4 15.3 15.3 15.4	0.169	0.714	2.237	50 g	1.639	16.20	5.0
13.8	17.2 7.2 14.5 23.8	8736393559253 1641353186912 2.14555186912 2.14555186912	2.382 5.497 4.134 1.192 2.385 3.495	77554541151498449974111	45.6 41.4 41.6 60.7 59.5			
27.6	27.1 36.2 14.5	2.537	6.776	0.374	53.3 53.4 75.6			
	27.1 42.9 56.4	2.706	7.5.8	0.360	75.2			
69.0	36.1 72.2 103.8	0.676	2.875	0.235 0.286 0.325	125.6 122.2 124.6			
6.9	3.6 7.2 10.8	2.706 3.084 0.253	8.328 0.536 1.112 1.840	0.157 3.228	67.3 64.9 58.7	1.638	9.30	12.0
13.8	14.4 17.1 7.2 14.4 20.7	0.422 0.675 0.844 0.168 0.506 0.675	2.454 2.915 0.844	0.275 0.290 0.199	58.7 58.6 85.2 74.8 67.4			
27.6	28 • 1 35 • 9 14 • 4 28 • 1 42 • 6	0.675 1.181 1.517 0.844 1.349 2.022	3.068 4.141 5.141 1.535 3.223 4.604	0 - 56 5	67.8 69.9 93.7 87.1 92.6			
69.0	56.1 35.9 71.8 103.2	0.506 1.349 2.360	2.611	0.313 0.313 0.194 0.251 0.307	137.5 133.6			
6.9	103.2 3.4 6.8	2.360	7.688 0.364 0.889	0.307	134.2 93.6 76.6	1.638	6.10	17.6
	10.9 13.6 17.2	0.339	2.182	0.194	67.4 62.4			
13.8	15.6 20.9 27.2 34.8	0.678 0.169 0.339 0.593 0.932	1.778 2.667	0.209	68.8 84.2 76.5 78.3 76.4			
27.6	34.8 13.6 27.2 40.8 55.5	1.101 0.254 0.593 1.316 1.524	4.366 1.375 2.749 4.204	0 • 222 0 • 262 0 • 252 0 • 185 0 • 216 0 • 242	77.9 98.9 98.9 97.0			
69.0	34.0 67.9 106.4	1.616	56662 26386 4.531 7.448 9.731	0.142	98.0 142.4 149.9 142.9			
6.9	14G-3 3-6 7-3 10-9	3.386 0.340 0.765 1.360	0.642 1.560 2.571	0.530 0.490 0.529	144.2 56.8 46.8 42.6	1.637	16.20	5.0
13.8	14.6 17.3 7.3 14.6 21.0 27.3	1:644	3.490 4.343 1.103 2.297 3.308 4.596	0.567 0.308 0.444 0.514	59.5			
27.6	36.4 14.6 27.3	2.463 3.660 0.509 1.189	4.596 6.373 1.564 3.128	0.603 0.325 0.380	60.0 93.2 87.3			
27.6	41.3 55.7	2.207 5.225 5.764	4.785	7 44 1	85.6 85.9 151.9	1.637	16.23	5.0
69.0	36.4 72.6 104.6	2.036 3.225	5.160 7.383	3.501 0.319 0.437	141.0			
6.9	3.4 6.9 10.6	2.036 3.225 0.256 0.341	0.469 0.901 1.664	ý • 546	141.7 73.5 76.3 63.5	1.637	9.30	12.0
11 0	13.8	0.597 3.768 1.022 L.256	2.219	3.359 3.346 3.374 0.335	62.1 63.9			
13.8	6.9 13.8 21.1 27.5 34.4	1.622	0.554 1.792 2.818 3.758 4.614	0.333 0.363 0.366 0.388	76.8 74.9			
27.6	27.5	1.449 1.789 0.426 G.937 1.704	2.734	3 - 3 4 3	73.3 74.5 130.6 100.6			
6.9	55.0 3.5 6.9	2.386 0.086 0.171	5.914	0.410 0.237 0.181 0.269 1.340	94.6 95.6 73.4	1.637	6.10	17.0
	55.5 55.5 10.6 13.5	0.428 2.986 2.990	0.363 0.945 1.591 2.228 2.547	0.269 1.340 1.174	66.8 62.2 68.8			

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
13.8	6.9 13.8 21.2 27.6	0.171 6.598 6.946	0.819 1.729 2.729	0.209 0.346 0.344	84.5 80.0 77.8			
27.6	27.6 34.6 13.8 27.6 41.5	1.537 1.537 0.342 0.854 1.367	3.457 4.367 1.410 2.911 4.186	0.395 0.352 0.243 0.293	80.0 79.1 98.0 95.0 99.1			
69.0	55.3 34.6 69.1 106.8 138.1 7.2	2.049 0.598 1.452 2.734 3.928	5.645 2.367 4.736 7.294	0.363 0.253 0.307 0.375	98.0 146.0			
6.9	138.1	3.928 0.506 0.768	9.496	0.414	145.3 145.4 72.3	1.634	23.80	1.0
13.8	14.4 7.2 14.4 20.7	1.350 0.337 0.843 1.181 2.192	1.828 2.831 0.832 1.915 2.999	0.416 0.477 0.405 0.440	59.0 50.8 86.4 75.1			
27.6	28.8	2.192 0.506 1.011 2.022	1.419	0.486 0.357 0.346 0.417	68.9 62.2 101.2			
6.9	26 · 0 41 · 5 3 · 7		2.923 4.853 0.332		96.0 85.5 110.3 88.2	1.634	9.30	12.0
13.8	7.3 11.0 14.6 17.3 14.6 27.5 36.6	0.178 0.511 0.766 0.851 0.170 0.766 1.192	0.830 1.494 1.991 2.572 0.788 1.659 2.531 3.320	0-2485 0-238316 0-2305 0-2305 0-3566	88.2 73.5 67.6 92.9 883.7			
27.6	27.5 41.2	C.681	1.162 2.492 3.988	0.273 0.320	78.7 126.0 110.2 103.3			
69.0	56.8 36.6 73.1	1.872 C.510	5.570	0.236	10C.5 169.1			
6.9	109.7 3.4 6.8	0.510 1.361 2.127 0.089 0.169	4.825 7.331 0.490 0.899 1.552	0.282 0.290 0.182 0.188 0.219	151.6 149.6 69.7 75.9	1.634	6.10	17.0
13.8	10.9 13.6 17.3 6.8 13.6 20.9 28.4	0.340 0.424 0.509 0.085 0.339 0.509 0.517	1.961 2.533 2.817 1.634 2.533 3.432	0.216 0.201 0.107 0.201 0.201 0.247	79.62 68.5.5 835 822.2			
27.6	34.i 13.6	C.169	1.378		164.2			
27.6	27.3 40.9	1.272 1.272	2.615 3.923 5.396	0.195 3.259 3.256	154.2 154.2 155.2	1.634	6.10	17.C
69.0	56.6 34.1 68.1 104.5	6.254 6.678 1.357	1.963 4.253 6.547	0 • 12 9 3 • 15 9 3 • 23 7	160.2 159.6			
6.9	136.3 3.8 7.6 11.4	2.435 0.348 1.342	2.375 0.666 1.733 2.686	9.057 3.521 5.601 9.934	573.9 57.2 44.0 42.4	1.625	23.80	1-0
13.8	7 - 6	2.428 .607	1.156	J = 39 7	68.5			
27.6	15.2 22.3 15.1 29.6	1.648 3.115 0.693 1.558	2.688 4.762 1.955 3.814	0.613 0.654 0.364 0.408	56.5 46.7 79.5 77.6			
69.0	37.8	3.805 0.951	6.378 2.711 5.593	0.597	70.4 139.4			
6.9	75.6 3.8 7.6	2.249 0.173 0.780 1.387 2.077	1.353 2.369 3.390	0.402 3.256 0.576 0.585 0.613	135.1 56.2 56.1 48.0	1.625	13.50	6.0
13.8	15.1 7.6 15.1 21.8	1.212	3.390 1.186 2.373 3.561 5.100	0.292 0.511 0.559	44.7 63.9 63.8 61.1 55.5			
27.6	28.3 15.1 28.3 44.8	3.583		0.644 0.407 0.457 0.453	55.8 83.8 79.5 146.9 133.9 1085.9 1085.1			
69.0	44.8 58.8 37.6 75.3 110.4 7.7	1.555 2.766 4.833 0.863 2.070	5.616 7.682 2.561 5.637 8.559	0.629 0.337 0.367	76.5 146.9 133.5			
6.9	7.7	0.349 0.522 0.871	0.747	0.467 0.390	102.6	1.625	9.30	12.0
13.8	11.5 15.3 18.2 7.7 15.3	0.871 1.044 0.261 0.619	1.889 2.362 0.630 1.496 2.363	0.461 0.442 0.414 0.408	91 • 1 17 • 0 121 • 6 102 • 4 95 • 2			
27.6	122355 122355 122355 122377 1077	1.044 0.619 1.044 1.392 2.087 0.870	1.184	0.442 0.421 0.472 0.294 0.345 0.424	95.2 86.7 86.5 129.1 113.5			
69.0	59.7 30.2 76.4	2.607 0.783 1.739	4.105 5.533 2.055 4.745 7.127		107.8			
6.9	109.8 7.1 10.9 14.3 17.1	0.870 1.670 1.670 1.739 1.739 1.737 2.137 2.537 0.5328	7.127 0.465 0.968 1.394 1.782	0.381 0.366 0.415 0.372 0.358 0.374	154 - 1 153 - 5 113 - 0 102 - 4 96 - 1	1.625	6.10	17.0
	1101	0.728	1.185	0.521	76.1			

Confining pressure (kPs)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
13.8	14.3 21.9 28.5 35.7	0.434 0.781 1.041	1.240 1.937 2.790 3.565	9.350 9.493 9.373	115.1 113.0 102.3			
27.6	14.3 28.5 42.8	1.476 0.347 C.781 1.215	3.565	0.414 0.345 0.360 0.341	100.1 141.7 131.6 120.0 117.5			
69.0	54.7 35.6 71.3 109.2 3.8 7.7	1.909 0.520 1.215 2.515	4.651 1.860 4.341 7.138	0.413 0.280 0.280 0.352	191.7			
6.9	3.8 7.7 11.0 14.4 17.7	0.348 0.522 0.871	1.341 1.648 2.255	0.334 C.317 0.386		1.530	9.30	12.0
13.8	7 • 7 14 • 3 21 • 5 28 • 6 35 • 8	1.344 C.261 D.609 J.957 1.391 1.913	2.776 C.824 1.735 2.685 4.514	37671 535558241 53558241 53558241 5355825 53562 5362 53	87.0			
27.6	35.8	3.348	1.389	0.424 (.251	79.3 103.1			
27.6	28 • 6 44 • 1 54 • 9	2.956 1.564	9.45/	3.344	103.1 106.1 102.1	1.530	9+30	12.0
69.0	71.4	2.636 2.636 2.173	5.354 2.384 4.343 6.954 0.497	0 - 29 2 0 - 32 3 0 - 37 5	171.9 164.8 157.8			
6.9	109.7 3.8 7.6 11.4	0.433	0.497 1.325 1.988	1 45520587974 2 3 4 4 2 2 2 5 4 4 2 2 2 5 4 4 2 2 2 7 4 2 3 2 4 7 2 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4	76.3 57.2 57.2	1.607	23.83	1.0
13.8	15.1 7.6 15.1 22.3 29.5	733363985657 0001001100110001	2.936 0.995 2.157 3.322	3.312	67.0			
27.6	15 • 1 29 • 5	1.346 0.865	1.495 3.331 5.339	9 - 228	.65.7			
69.0	44.9 37.8 75.6	9.692	2.553	0.340 0.276	151.1			
6.9	/••	1.644	5.851 0.767	0.263 3.340 0.276 0.241	129.3 96.8	1.607	13.50	6.0
	11.1	0.514 0.857 1.028	1.304	6.433	85.4 74.5			•••
13.8	18.1 14.8 21.8 27.8	1.28	2.379 1.535 2.456 3.226 4.459	0.432 0.391 2.419 0.425	76.1 96.7 88.8 86.2			
27.6	37.0 14.8 27.8 44.0	9.343	1.230 2.460 3.999	0.461 9.27985 0.38156 0.38156 0.31439 0.31439 0.31439 0.31439	83.1 120.5 113.0 116.0			
69.0	55.5 37.0 74.0	1.541 2.226 0.513 1.370 2.224 0.088	5.388 2.001 4.314	0.413 0.256 0.318	103.0 185.0 171.6			
6.9	106.3 3.9 7.7 11.6	0.263 0.263	6.487 0.368 0.818 1.309	0.239	163.9 105.3 94.7 88.8	1.607	9.30	12.0
13.8	15.5 18.4 7.7 15.5 29.0	0.700 0.875 0.175 0.525 0.788 1.312	1.759 2.128 0.655 1.432 2.291 3.027	0.398 0.411 0.267 0.367 0.344 0.433	87.9 87.9 118.2 108.1 97.2 95.8			
27.6	38.7 15.5 29.0	0.350 0.760	4.090 1.146 2.456 3.767	0.471 0.305 0.285 0.372	94.5 135.0 118.1 118.7			
69.0	44.7 58.0 37.5 72.5 111.2 3.5	2.099 0.525 1.400 2.623	5.079 2.089 4.261 6.564 0.337	0.413 0.251 0.329				
6.9	111.2 5.5		6.564 0.337	0.400	169.4 102.9	1.607	6.10	17.0
13.8	6.9 10.6 13.8 17.1 6.9 13.8 21.2	0.171 0.342 0.542 0.684 0.170 0.342 0.684 0.940	1.181	0.253 0.290 0.225 0.369 0.252	114.23 179.3 179.4 102.9 102.9 102.9 102.5 102.5			
27.6	13.8	0.684 0.940 1.281 0.342 0.512	1.518 1.65555 1.63555 2.700 2.1897 3.1894 2.1894 3.1894 3.1894	9.25558 9.25558 9.25558 9.25558 9.25558 9.25558 9.25558 9.25558 9.25558	104.8 104.8 197.5 117.8 120.8 121.2			
69.3	42.6 55.2 34.5 69.0 105.9	1.9481 2.342 2.512 1.025 1.5327 1.964	3.375 4.558 1.941 3.884 6.250	0.304 0.337 0.220 0.264 0.314	126.3 121.2 177.8 177.8 169.4			

Subgrade layer, unfrozen

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial atrain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPs)
6.5	7 • 1 10 • 7 14 • 3 17 • 9	2.336 3.420 3.673 2.641	0.714 1.371 1.643 2.143	792223489 -4391223488	100.1 100.1 87.0 83.3	1.533	16.13	12.0
13.8	14.3 21.2 27.9 35.7	1.564 3.841 1.345	1.429 2.429 3.144	1.353 0.346 0.428 0.462	155.6 87.3 88.8 89.2			
27.6	14.3 27.9 42.4 55.7	1.849 C.54 1.0C8 1.512 1.848	2.573 3.716 5.304	3.462 6.475 0.392 3.407 3.369	133.1 108.3 114.0 111.3			
69.0 6.9	71.3 35.6 71.3 3.5	2.687 0.672 1.511	6.153 1.717 3.865 0.296 C.739	0.437 0.391 0.391	115.6 207.5 184.4 118.9	1.497	6.80	17.0
17.0	7.0 10.6 14.1 17.2 7.0	0.250 0.333 0.501	1.109 1.552 1.996 0.592	0.226 0.225 0.215 0.251	95.2 95.2 90.7 86.0			
13.8 27.6	14.1 20.9 28.6 14.1	G.334 G.501 G.835 G.334	1.331 2.219 3.107 1.110	0.251 0.226 0.269 0.301	105.8 94.1 92.0 126.8			
69.0	27.5 41.8 35.2 70.4	0.667 1.168 0.584 1.335 0.336	2.294 3.111 1.852 4.154	0.291 0.375 0.315 0.321	119.8 134.3 190.0 169.5			
6.9	7 • 1 10 • 7 14 • 3 17 • 8 7 • 1 14 • 3	0.507	1.235 2.035 2.689	0.385 0.408 0.413 0.375	81.8 86.6 70.1 66.3	1.521	14.80	6.0
13.8	14.3 21.2 27.8 35.6	1.0354 1.5354 1.5108 1.512 2.184	0.581 1.599 2.617 3.781 4.875	0.578 0.315 0.385 0.400 0.413	122.7 122.7 89.2 80.9 73.7 73.1			
27.6	35.6 14.3 27.8 42.3	2.184 0.420 1.008 1.511 2.519	1.164 2.581 4.875	0.435 0.361 0.391 0.371	71.0 122.5 107.9 103.9			
69.0	55.7 35.6 71.2	1.679	5.679 1.820 4.225 0.526	0.444 0.369 0.397 0.319	10£ 7	1 501	26.10	1.0
6.9	3.6 7.1 10.7 14.2	0.168 0.504 0.756 1.175 1.678	1.448 2.501 3.686 4.083	0.302 0.319	160.6 67.7 49.2 42.7 38.6 43.5	1.523	26.10	1.0
13.8 27.6	17.8 14.2 21.1 27.7 14.2 27.7	0.671 1.342 2.011 0.503	2.305 3.689 5.140 1.581	0.411 0.291 0.364 0.391	61.7 57.2 54.0 89.8			
69.0	55.4 35.5	1.006 1.844 3.015 0.638	3.295 5.273 7.256	0.318 0.305 0.350 0.416 0.363	84.2 80.0 76.4 153.6 137.9			
27.6 13.8	70.9 14.0 7.1	1.843	2.309 5.146 1.289 1.000	0 • 363 0 • 358 0 • 258 0 • 168	1118.5	1.469	12.30 23.80	8.0 3.0
	14.2 21.1 27.7 35.5 14.2	0.168 0.587 1.006 1.508	2.429 3.858 4.860 6.293	0.168 0.242 0.261 0.310 0.346	71.0 58.5 54.6 57.1 56.4			
27.6	42.1	0.335 0.838 1.508 2.513	1.645 3.504 5.293 7.159	0.239 0.285 0.351	56.4 86.3 79.1 79.6 77.4			
69.0 6.9	35.5 70.9 7.1	0.587 1.341 0.168	7.159 2.577 5.299 0.672	0.228 0.253 0.253	137.6 133.9 105.4	1.496	10.40	12.G
	10.6 14.2 16.8	0.168 0.335 0.502 0.670	1.642	0.255 0.321 0.306 0.321	105.4 101.6 86.2 80.5	1.496	16.43	12.9
13•a	21.6 27.6 35.4	0.670 1.004 1.339	2.359 3.286 4.183	0.283 0.306 0.320 0.399	88.1 84.1 84.5	1.446	10,43	12.03
27.6	14.1 27.6 42.0 55.3 70.7	0.535 0.669 1.534	1.125 2.3735 5.381 6.728	0.325	84.5 125.6 112.4 1138.7 1165.9 1163.4			
69.0	35.4	2.509 5.586 1.255	1.944 4.337 0.606 0.602	0.329 0.373 0.371 0.289	161.9		9.30	18.0
6.9	3.6 7.1 7.1	0.168	0.606	0.277	117.4	1.506	7.30	18.0
13.8	14 • 2 21 • 1 27 • 8 35 • 5	0.168 0.336 0.671 0.923 1.258	1.440 2.273 3.103 3.942		104.3 98.8 92.9 89.5 90.2			
27.6	14.2 27.8 42.2 55.5	0.336 0.571 1.006 1.509 2.180	1.061 2.426 3.487 4.859 6.373	0.295 0.295 0.297 0.317 0.277 0.278 0.311	92.9 92.9 890.2 134.0 114.5			
69.0	71 • 0 35 • 5	2.180 3.503 1.090	4.250	0 • 34 2 0 • 26 5 0 • 25 6	187.2 167.1			
6.9	71.0	======	0.429		81.0	1.456	10.70	12.0

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial etrain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m ³)	Moisture content (%)	Moisture tension (kPa)
13.8	7.0 7.0 13.9 20.6	0.332	0.786 C.714 1.715	0.194	88.5 97.4 81.1			
27.6	27.2 13.9	0.913 0.332	1.715 2.715 3.574 1.215	0.194 0.215 0.255 0.273	76.0 76.0 114.5			
69.0	27.2 41.3 34.8 69.5	1.664 1.162 0.664	2.788 4.436 2.147	0.238 0.262 0.309	97.4 93.1 161.9			
6.9	3.5 7.0	1.660	4.873 0.357 1.000	0.341	142.7 98.6 70.4	1.474	21.30	4.0
_	10.6 14.1 17.6	0.500 0.835 1.168 0.250	1.786 2.572 3.431	0.334 0.280 0.325 0.340	59.1 54.7 51.3			
13.8	7.0 14.1 20.9	1.001	0.715 1.787 3.003	0.350 0.374 0.333	98.4 78.8 69.6			
27.6	27.5 35.2 27.5	1.502 2.169 1.001	4.005 5.295 2.647	0.375 0.410 0.378	68.6 66.4 103.9			
6.9	41.7 54.9 14.2	1.668 2.669	4.308 5.732 2.649	0.416 0.466 0.506	104.0 95.9 53.6	1.489	23.90	3.0
13.8	17.8 7.1 14.2	1.341 1.761 0.335 0.838	2.649 3.384 0.736 1.913	0.520 0.455 0.438	52.5 96.5			
	21.1 27.7 35.5	1.508 2.010 3.315	3.691 3.927 5.007	0.488 0.525 0.602	74.2 68.2 72.4 73.8			
27.6	27.7	1.305 1.843 2.680	2.584 4.125 5.307	0.431 6.447 0.505	110.7 102.1 104.3			
6.9	55.4 7.0 10.5 14.1	0.500 0.834 1.335	1.172 1.859 2.575	0.427 0.449 0.518	60.0 56.8 54.6	1-477	26.70	2.0
13.8 27.6	14.1 20.9 27.5	0.834 1.335 1.168	1.788 3.066 2.578	0.466 0.444 0.453	78.6 69.4 156.6			
6.9	35.2 16.6	1.501 0.335 0.503	3.870 0.811 1.032	0.388 0.413 0.487	90.9 131.3 137.6	1.505	9.30	18.0
13.8	14.2 17.3 14.2	0.671 C.335 O.671	1.621	0.414 0.325	106.8 137.6 114.4			
27.6	21 • 1 27 • 7 35 • 5 27 • 7	1.696 1.341 0.671	2.653 3.391 1.919	0.379 0.395 0.350	104.6			
27.6	72.9	2.346	2.949 5.6.8 1.476	0.398 ú.41P	144.6 143.0 126.5	1.505	9.30	18.3
69•0 6•9	35.5 70.9 3.5 7.0	1.257	3.395 0.290	3.372	126.5 240.3 209.5 123.5	1.476	7.19	19.0
13.8	14.3	3.166	1.087 1.377	0.153 0.242	131.5			
u <u>-</u>	20.8 27.3 34.9	0.333 0.666 0.832	2.174 2.899 3.768	9.153 3.233 9.221	95.4 94.2 92.7			
27.6	14.0 28.4 41.5	0.166 0.666 0.832	1.354 2.536 4.259	0.263 0.265	167.2 111.9 102.2			
6.9	54.6 3.5 7.1	0.167	5.675 0.468 1.014	0.165	107.6 75.3 69.5	1.496	15.10	6.0
	10.6 14.1 17.6	0.540 0.501 0.668	1.561 2.185 2.731	0.218 0.229 0.245	64.5 64.6			
13.8	7.1 14.1 20.9	0.167 0.334 0.668	0.936	0.178	75.3 78.6 78.9			
27.6	26.1 35.3 14.1	1.003	1.795 2.653 3.590 4.528 1.483	0 • 252 0 • 279 0 • 295 0 • 225	72.6 77.9 95.1			
	28.6 28.6 41.9	0.668 0.501 1.002	2.967	0.225 0.225 0.169 0.229	96.6 96.6 95.7			
69.0	55.0 70.4	2.505	7.431	0.285 0.337 0.153	93.9 94.8 160.8			
6.9	35.2 70.4 3.5 7.1	1.000 0.167 0.335	2.190 4.382 0.714 1.393	0.228 0.234 0.240	169.8 49.5 50.8	1.504	26.40	1.8
	14.1	1.000 0.167 0.335 0.502 0.837 1.171	1.393 2.143 2.859 3.716	75738404 223538404 223538404 223538 2243955	49.5 49.5 47.6			
13.8	7.1 14.1 21.0 27.6	0.669	1.108 2.216 3.268	0.302	63.8 63.8			
27.6	14.1	1.505 2.006 0.334 0.334 0.836	1 • 1218 • 1218 • 1572 • • 1572 •	0.329 0.329 0.203 0.203 0.260 0.263	63.8 60.3 61.8 85.9			
	19.1 27.6 41.9	0.334 0.836 1.338	1.645 3.218 4.721	0.203 0.260 0.283	85.9 85.8 88.9			
6.9	55.1 3.5 7.1	2.005		0.254	89.6 120.5 107.1	1.509	10.30	12.0
	10.6 14.2 17.7	0.168 C.335 0.502 0.670	0.662 1.103 1.618 2.059	0.304 0.310 0.325	96.4 87.6 86.1			
			- •					
				26				
				35				
								5 W 5 W

Confining pressure (kPa)	Deviator stress (kPa)	Radial strain x10	Axial strain x10	Resilient Poisson's ratio	Resilient modulus (MPa)	Dry density (Mg/m)	Moiature content (%)	Moisture tension (kPs)
13.8	7.1 14.2 21.0 27.6	C.168 0.335 0.670 0.837 1.172 0.168	0.588 1.397 2.206 2.795	0.286 0.240 0.304 0.399	120.5 101.5 95.3 98.9			
27.6	35.4 14.2 27.6 42.0 55.3	1.172 0.168 0.5004 1.506 2.175 0.335	3.678 1.103 2.207 3.384 4.857 6.331	0.319 0.152 0.227 0.297 0.310	96.2 128.4 125.3 124.2 113.9			
69.0	70.8 35.4 70.7	2.175 0.335	2.258	0.152				
6.9	10.6	1.604 0.334 0.417	4.122 0.716 1.146	0.244 0.466 0.364	171.6 147.6	1.503	6.80	17.0
13.8	14.1 17.6 14.1	0.417 0.334 0.501	1.575	0.265 0.265 0.265 0.256 0.256 0.257 0.257	122.9 121.8 131.2 126.9 124.7 106.7			
	20.9 28.6 35.2	0.501 0.835 1.602	1.648 2.293 3.297	0.364	126.9 124.7 106.7			
27.6	14.1 27.5	C.250	1.792	0.317 3.372 0.304	153.4			
67.0	41.8 35.2	1.002	1.590	0.307	222.7	1.503	6.80	17.0
6.9	72.4 7.1	1.166	3.c83 1.24 1.571	0.301 5.164	181.4 69.3 67.7	1.52	14.83	6.0
	10.6 14.2 17.7	1.166 1.165	2.105	5.265	64.5 61.9			
13.8	1/:1	.838 :.168	2.155 2.868 2.868 7.668	0.189	79.5			
	14.2 21.1 27.7 35.5	ř 7 n	1.844 2.731 3.689	61475W297525514695220 161614W297525514695220 53114W2975W2975099 601050000000000000000000000000000000000	77.5 77.1 75.1 76.3			
27.6	35.5 14.2 27.7	1.508 1.508 0.251 0.673 1.173	1.296	3.325 3.193	76.3 109.3			
	42.1	1.173	2.665	0.251 3.286	109.3 124.9 102.7			
69.0	98 • 8 35 • 5 70 • 9	1.843 0.563	5.637 2.872 4.652	C.175 C.252	176.3 123.5 152.5			
6.9	7.1 10.6	1.173 0.334 3.669	1.143	0.39C	152.5 61.7 61.8	1.517	26.20	1-0
13.8	17.6	1.603	2.501 3.145 0.929	0.401 0.425 0.180	56.5 56.1 76.0			
13.0	7 • 1 14 • 1 20 • 9 27 • 6	0.167 0.501 1.003	1.930 2.860	0.425 0.425 0.261 0.251 0.417 0.442	73.2 73.3			
27.6	27.6 35.3 14.1 27.5	1.671 2.339 0.417	5.295	0.417 0.442	68.8 66.6 109.5			
27.6	27.5 41.9	1.002	1.288 2.719 4.294	0.389	101.3			
6.9	55.0 3.5 7.1	2.338	5.729 0.606	0.408 0.276	101.3 97.5 96.1 58.3 58.3			
	10.6	0.335 0.669 0.858	1.212	0.353 0.354 0.315				
	14.1 17.6 3.6	1.003	2.425 3.184 0.379		58.3 55.4 94.2	1.542	10.10	12.0
	3.6 7.1 10.7	0.168 0.336 0.504	0.989 1.364	0.185 0.246 0.289	78 45 78 • 5 82 • 9			
13.8	14.3 17.8 7.1 14.3	0.6/2	1.364 1.742 2.122 0.758	0.317 0.222 0.222 0.259	84.1 94.2			
	14.3 21.2 27.9	0.168 0.336 0.588	2.273	0.222 0.259 0.277	94.2 93.2 92.0			
27.6	35.7 14.3	G.841 1.177 0.336	3.031 4.093 1.137	0 • 28 8 0 • 29 6	87.2 125.6 114.9			
	27.9 42.4	1.008	2.426 3.866 5.005	0.277 0.261	169.6			
69.0	55.8 71.4	1.345 2.016 C.504	6.829 2.200	0.269 0.295 0.229	111.4 104.5 162.2			
07#V	35.7 71.4	1.008	4.554	9.229 0.221	162.2 156.7			

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